Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

VOL. X. BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 4, 1878. NO. 48.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

CONGRESS met last Monday.

IT is tissue-ballot-cipher-reform Democracy, now.

THE Marquis of Lorne wears a kilt shirt.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 5, is Thanksgiving day in Canada.

THE Great Western line of steamships between Bristol and New York will run all winter.

THE COUNT DE CHAMBORD has been heard from. He still has a hankering after the crown of France.

TISSUE paper tickets may be of use down South, but an honest northern man wouldn't look at one.

SOTHERN, the actor, will take a six-month's rest. Italy has been chosen as his place of rustication.

TEN thousand cotton spinners, of Oldham, England, are on a strike because of a reduction of five per cent. in wages.

THE Trenton *Gazette* would like to know whether Conkling and Grow wouldn't make a good team in 1880. "To be sure."

WE should think Mr. McClure, of the *Times* (Democrat), had found out, by this time, that Mr. McPherson is still the rudder of the *Press*.

THE explosion of a boiler near Dunbar last Thursday resulted in the death of three men, and the injuring of eleven others, one fatally.

MONCASE, the man who attempted to kill King Alfonso, of Spain, has been condemned to death by the Supreme Tribunal.

THE Afghanistans have fled before Her Majesty's forces as chaff before the wind. The English troops have taken and occupied several places.

THERE is something so heavenly-like in the conversation and conduct of the average Democrat when you talk to him about the late election.

THE London, Ohio, *Times* says "the most prominent Republican Presidential candidate for 1880 resides at Mansfield, Ohio, and his name is John Sherman."

TRUTH is stranger than fiction but the seventeen-year-old-boy who attempted to play the part of a dime novel hero, found the first named ingredient as scarce as snow in harvest.

DID it ever occur to you, gentle reader, that very often the young man who is not able to cut an armful of wood because of a weak back is strong enough to tear down seven cords of oak to find a rat hole?

MONTGOMERY BLAIR'S son, Woodbury Blair, is said to be engaged to Mrs. Foster, widow of the late regular army officer who figured gallantly at Fort Sumter.—*Times.* She would make a better *Foster*-mother than a wife.

THE low prices at which the Massachusetts savings banks are selling their real estate is attracting attention. The Winchendon Banks has just sold twenty wooden and ten brick dwelling houses at Chelsea for $20.375. These houses in 1874 were taxed for $75.000.

THE Democrats have been talking of establishing an organ here at the county seat. The Meekite organ, the *Watchman*, has kept very still about it until last week, when, gaining courage by the long delay, it definitely says: "There are rumors of another paper in Bellefonte soon. Come on, boys, the more the merrier." Y-e-s, it will be very merry in the *Watchman* office when it has to depend for patronage on its little party of one hundred and twenty-six.

No Split.

The *Republican* is very much exercised over what it imagines to be a split in the Democratic party of the county, and is almost as endless as it is impudent and senseless in its advice to those whom it designates as the leaders.—*Watchman.*

The *Watchman*, in order to serve its own interest, persists in misunderstanding us. For its enlightenment we say that we do not "imagine" that there is a split in the Democratic party of this county. We wish there was. We regard the Democracy of old Centre as solid, altogether too solid to please us. We know that Meek has tried as hard as it lay in his power to do, to create a schism in the party which he has for so long a time pretended to serve. We know that he fought the whole county ticket, and contributed his little influence towards the defeat of the congressional candidate of that party—the man who was nominated by a regular conference of that party, and supported by the best men in it, together with the great bulk of the unwashed, rank and file. But what troubles us is that Meek has so little influence for harm. His following is only one hundred and twenty-six; that is no split, it is only a little spawl chipped off from the huge mass. It is powerless to do us any good, or to seriously hurt the great body from which it was broken. In fact, it does not by any means rise to the dignity of a "split," it is not a revolution, 'tis only a little bar-room fight, unworthy of more than a passing notice. There was a time when we thought Meek had power and influence with the Democracy of Centre; but that was before he had crossed lances with the party-leaders. We expected in the late election that this self-constituted leader might succeed in defeating some of the men whom he was secretly fighting. Say Spangler, for instance, and perhaps Yearick, but we did not suppose he would affect Harper enough to defeat him, and, according to his table published last week, he only hurt the last named forty-nine votes. The personal popularity of Cal. overcome the efforts of the Meekites, and hence, the difference. Yearick had the National, Republican and Meekite vote massed against him, yet he was elected. Would it not then be foolishness on our part to call such an insignificant movement "a split?" Again, the *Watchman* says:

It might probably be of interest to the readers of that paper, if it would figure up the county returns for them again, and show that whatever "split" there is in any political parties in the county, exists in its own. That in consequence of divisions in its own ranks at the late election it polled 1400 votes less than it did two years ago.

This is true enough, we acknowledge the corn. The fact is that the Republican voters are more independent than either Meekites or Democrats, they think for themselves. Sometimes they get wrong, as they did this fall, but they are intelligent, thinking men, and in time will work the problem out, when they will be all right again, and solid for the loyal, honest, old Republican party. We expect that in 1880 they will be all right for Blaine, or any other good Republican candidate. These are the men we have on the fence. You see we have a possible 1400 more than we polled at the last election. Now, if the Meekites had as many as that who had left their party, and probably might return, they would be a party worth considering, instead of being so insignificant as to have their vote counted among the scattering. The Republicans have 2,059 votes, out of a possible 3,525. How insignificant do Meek's 126 out of a possible 127 appear against such figures. No, Meek, we do not think there is a split in the Democratic party of Centre; we do not think your little effort has effected such result. We are disappointed in you. When it comes to a trial we find you are not such a "big gun" as we thought you were. We take it all back—we mean what we have said in the last few years in regard to your having control of the Democracy. You do not hold them in the hollow of your hand; your influence amounts to nothing, and if we wait until you organize a split in the Democratic party, before the Republicans can succeed, that happy day will never dawn upon us.

An Unpleasant Picture.

The internal state of the German Empire is very unpromising says the Philadelphia *Press.* The depression of trade and industry remains the same; the milliards are gone. Germany, which has no public debt, says a writer, suffers from a deficit. France, with a debt of more than twenty millions of francs, enjoys a surplus. Expenses are increasing; new taxes have become necessary, while the force of production is lessening. The patriotic unanimity of 1871 has given way to the bitterest struggles of classes and parties. The ecclesiastical conflict showed the natural factors of authority—State and Church—as deadly foes, and social Democracy has reaped the benefit of it as the *tertius guadens;* hasty legislation has revolutionized economical and social relations. In Prussia, 6,403 people were brought before the jury for crimes in 1871; 1877, 12,807, and only 1,314 were acquitted; the increase, therefore, was 78.2 per cent. The other States show a similar increase.

The increase of suicides and vagabonds is correspondingly large. In 1876, 3,917 persons committed suicide. Drunkenness has become rampant with the abolition of licenses for spirit shops; the adulteration of food is general; the liberty of setting up theatres without a license is reducing the stage to a school of the lowest sensuality; the most filthy pictures, pamphlets and novels are offered for sale at the railway stations and elsewhere; no honest woman can read the advertising columns of the leading papers, where inducements to every sort of immorality are paraded. The reports of the Prussian factory inspectors reveal horrible things about the condition of the lowest classes; a quarter of the population of Berlin is living in underground dwellings, and from ten to fourteen people of both sexes are found crammed together in small rooms at night. Socialistic intrigues and conspiracies are undermining the foundations of its universal conscription, is draining both the vital and financial resources of the empire. The present is gloomy enough, and the future presages immense social and political evils.

THE appropriations for the Railway Mail Service for the current year being $400,000 less than the amount actually required to maintain the transportation of the mails on existing lines, orders have been issued requiring the utmost economy of expenditure in every branch. Instructions have been issued directing the discharge of one hundred men in the Railway Postal Service before January first. It is the intention to retain all the best material and only discharge the least efficient. In event of resignations no new appointments will be made until the members are reduced to the minimum. In order to continue the service up to its standard on the trunk lines it will be necessary to impose more hours and heavier work on the men retained. Notwithstanding the proposed reduction, the present force being 2,500 men, the Postmaster General and Superintendent of the Railway Postal Service are overrun with new applications.

FROM the monthly statement of the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics to the Secretary of the Treasury, the excess of exports over imports of merchandise appears to have been as follows:

Month ended Oct. 31, 1878.....	$ 27,743,464
Month ended Oct. 31, 1877.....	17,731,155
Ten months ended Oct. 31, 1878.....	237,070,012
Ten months ended Oct. 31, 1877.....	72,191,489

A comparison of the exports and imports of gold and silver coin and bullion exhibits the following:

Month ended October 31, 1878, excess of imports, $2,096,807. Month ended October 31, 1877, excess of exports, $295,169. Ten months ended October 31, 1878, excess of imports, $2,416,261. Ten months ended October 31, 1877, excess of exports, $24,999,949.

The President's Message.

The President's message reaches us too late for publication in this week's issue. It was sent to Congress promptly last Monday. It is not a very long document, and therefore we hope will be generally read. We shall give it in full next week. It starts out by referring to the yellow fever scourge. After speaking of the generous sympathy expressed in generous donations from the people of the North to their suffering Southern brethren, he says: "The fearful spread of this pestilence has awakened a very general public sentiment in favor of national sanitary administration, which shall not only control quarantine, but have the sanitary supervision of internal commerce in times of epidemics, and hold advisory relation to the State or municipal health authorities, with power to deal with whatever endangers the public health, and which the municipal and State authorities are unable to regulate. The national quarantine act, approved April 29, 1878, which was passed too late in the last session of Congress to provide the means for carrying it into practical operation during the past season, is a step in the direction here indicated. In view of the necessity for the most effective measures, by quarantine and otherwise, for the protection of our seaports, and the country generally, from this and other epidemics it is recommended that Congress give the whole subject early and careful consideration."

The President then directly grapples with the questions connected with the late election outrages in the South, especially in South Carolina and Louisiana, and in special Congressional districts elsewhere. He announces the purpose of the Executive to investigate and punish the perpetrators of these crimes, and for this purpose he asks especial appropriations to the Department of Justice. The fourteenth and fifteenth amendments gave the colored people certain rights, of which they have been deprived. Bearing directly upon this subject, the President says: "By these constitutional amendments the Southern section of the Union obtained a large increase of political power in Congress and in the Electoral College, and the country justly expected that elections would proceed, as to the enfranchised race, upon the same circumstances of legal and constitutional freedom and protection which obtained in all the other States of the Union. The friends of law and order looked forward to the conduct of these elections, as offering to the general judgment of the country an important opportunity to measure the degree in which the right of suffrage could be exercised by the colored people, and would be respected by their fellow-citizens; but a more general enjoyment of freedom of suffrage by the colored people, and a more just and generous protection of that freedom by the communities of which they form a part, were generally anticipated than the record of the elections discloses. In some of those States in which the colored people have been unable to make their opinions felt in the elections, the result is mainly due to influences not easily measured or remedied by legal protection; but in the States of Louisiana and South Carolina at large, and in some particular Congressional districts outside of those States, the records of the elections seem to compel the conclusion that the rights of the colored voters have been overridden, and their participation in the elections not permitted to be either general or free."

This is very mild—very little of the "bloody shirt" about it. The President evidently has read the report of Colonel Zachary—"only twelve negroes killed"—and yet we have selected the most striking paragraph in the whole message upon the subject of Southren outrages. If the most howling Bourbon Democrat is dissatisfied with that, then mild words will not please him. The force seems to be all left out of it, and a plain milk and water gruel is served up. There is possibly a hidden purpose in some of the mildly-put expressions, but there is not the full and vigorous treatment of the issue that we expected. There is a deprecating manner as though the President realized he was addressing a rampant Democratic Congress.

True, he clearly conveys the idea that he intends to enforce the laws, but all this is said in a manner "as meek as any lamb." Such mildness may inspire the Democracy with the idea that they can drive the President from his position by being a little belligerent. We do not believe, however, that this will prove to be the case—we rather hope that while the President is tame in manner and expression, he may prove to be positive in his opinions. We have the hope that he will do his whole duty, but we wish he had said so with a little more dignified firmness.

The President then takes up our foreign affairs, and briefly alludes to the Paris Exposition, which a great number of Americans attended. The history of the fishery award and the diplomatic correspondence growing out of it. The payment of the money to Great Britain is reported, but no legislation on the subject is recommended. The President congratulates the country upon having escaped serious trouble with our Southern neighbors—the Mexicans—and reports that the condition of affairs upon the Rio Grande is better than it has been for years. President Diaz seems to be making an honest effort to prevent Mexican territory from being made the base of operations for thieves and raiders across the border, and the force he has there has been so far successful that no complaints have been received from American citizens living near the border within the last six months.

Our readers will no doubt be more than ordinarily interested in the President's views upon the financial question. Upon this topic he confines himself chiefly to the subject of the resumption of specie payments: "The fact already universally known, that the Government is ready on the 1st of January next to redeem its notes in specie, is announced, and it is also stated that no legislation is needed or desired. After the first of next month all kinds of Government money—gold, standard silver dollars and legal-tender notes—will be treated as equal. The creditors of the United States will be paid in either, whichever they prefer." The President does not discuss the silver question in the message, but simply remarks that he has not changed his mind on that subject since sending his veto message to Congress during the late session. He does not think that any legislation in regard to the silver dollar is necessary now, and he does not recommend any. The President does not enter upon a discussion of the present industrial condition of the country, but simply expresses the opinion that it is improving.

The message closes with the District of Columbia. The new government has not been long enough in operation for him to form an intelligent opinion upon it. He speaks of some improvements with approval, and recommends others, which he thinks will add to the healthfulness of the city.

We have given a brief synopsis of the message. It is a very moderate article throughout, not calculated to offend the most chivilric savage of the South.

—The Burlington *Hawkeye* aptly says: "Brethren, before we sing the next verse of 'John Brown's body lies mouldering in the grave,' let us take a look into the grave and see that it is there. In these days of Ohio medical colleges a cemetery isn't any safer than a savings bank, and it may be that political glee clubs, who have been singing the song quoted above, have been chanting a rhythmic lie for the past fifteen years."

FORTY Berlin Socialists have been expelled from Berlin.

Newspaper Jottings.

—The Bethlehem *Daily Times* has treated itself to a new dress.

—Mr. Haskell, editor of the Boston *Herald*, gets $10,000 a year.

—Jennie June writes 33 fashion letters a week, yet she is'nt dressy.

—It is said that the editor of the Chicago Times is paid $6,000 a year.

—B. Gad D. Slaughter is the editor of a Nebraska journal.

—The Chambersburg *Saturday Local* has been merged into the *Repository.*

—The *Penny Press* is a new evening paper in Cleveland. It seems to be meeting with success.

—The Toledo *Blade* recently printed an edition of one hundred thous copies of its Weekly.

—The editor of the Hackensack *Republican* rejoices in the name of Crystal—and his jokes are always clear.—*New Haven Register.*

—"Can an editor enter the Kingdom of Heaven!" asks the Elmira *Gazette.* Perhaps so, if he is given passes.—*Gowanda Enterprise.*

—P. O. Vickery, publisher of *Vickery's Fireside Visitor*, a literary monthly in Augusta, Me., has been re-elected to the Legislature.

—A dinner was given in Boston to Mr. George P. Lathrop, the new editor of the Boston *Courier*, by the publishers of that journal.

—The Pittsburg *Commercial-Gazette* claims a circulation of 20,000 Daily, and 21,000 Weekly. It is almost a century old.

—A deaf and dumb compositor, (son of the late John S. C. Abbot, the author,) is employed in the office of the Lake Village (N. H.) *Times.*

—E. C. Allen & Co., of Augusta, Me., are publishing *nine* literary newspapers and claim an aggregate monthly circulation of 1,200,000 copies.

—Ephrata, Lancaster county, has a paper called *The Saturday Review.* It is published weekly by the Von Neida brothers.

—The number of Paris daily papers is about quadruple that of London, no fewer than forty-one being at present published in the French capital.

—The *American Cultivator*, Boston, says: "We print 33,000 copies and send them to actual subscribers." That is a good field for advertisers to cultivate!

—S. R. Hemmingway, the gentlemanly cashier of the New Haven *Register*, was recently married to Miss Sarah Gilbert. May they go Humming-on-their-way.

—Z. E. Stone retires from the editorship of the Lowell *Vox Populi*, after a continuous service of nineteen years. John A. Goodwin, Esq. succeeds him.

—It is getting so nowadays that a man hardly dares to start to read an item in a newspaper for fear of running his nose into some kind of patent cough syrup.

—Salutatory of a new paper in De Ruyter, Madison county—"Here we are." Valedictory of the same paper three months hence—"Here we were." —*Buffalo Express.*

—A Kentucky editor says a neighbor of his is so lazy that when he works in his garden he moves about so slowly that the shade of his broad brimmed hat kills the plants.

—The Chicago *Journal* calls James Gordon Bennett the Prince of Wales of America. We have observed he is always preceded by his *Herald.*—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*

—After years of experimenting with unpardonable puzzles of engraving for a head, the Meriden *Recorder* has finally adopted a clean-cut Roman title.—*New Haven Register.*

—Editors want an exchangephone whereby sixty papers may be read simultaneously, while automatic scissors cut out the parts worth stealing. —*American Newspaper Reporter.*

—The Norway (Me.) *Advertiser* was merged, December 1st in a paper called *The New Religion.* It will be published weekly by a company, Rev. J. A. Seitz to be the editor.

—T. W. Saxton, publisher of the Canton (O.) *Repository*, was pronounced the handsomest journalist in attendance at the Ohio Editorial Association, which recently met in Cleveland.

Poetry.

SLEEP.

"So He giveth His beloved sleep." Psalms cxxvii, 2.

He sees when their footsteps falter, when their heart grows weak and faint;
He marks when their strength is falling, and listens to each complaint.
He bids them rest for a season, for the pathway has grown too steep;
And folded in fair green pastures,
He giveth His loved ones sleep.

Like weary and worn-out children, that sigh for the daylight's close,
He knows that they oft are longing for home and its sweet repose.
So He calls them in from their labors ere the shadows around them creep;
And silently watching o'er them,
He giveth His loved ones sleep.

He giveth it, oh, so gently! as a mother will hush to rest
The babe that she softly pillows so tenderly on her breast;
Forgotten are now the trials and sorrows that made them weep;
For with many a soothing promise
He giveth His loved ones sleep.

He giveth it! friends the dearest can never this boon bestow;
But He toucheth the drooping eyelids, and placid the features grow.
Their foes may gather about them, and storms may round them sweep;
But, guarding them safe from danger,
He giveth His loved ones sleep.

All dread of the distant future, all fears that oppress to-day,
Like mists that clear in the sunlight, have noiselessly passed away.
No call nor clamor can rouse them from slumbers so pure and deep;
For only His voice can reach them,
Who giveth His loved ones sleep,

Weep not that their toils are over, weep not that their race is run;
God grant we may rest as calmly when our work, like theirs, is done.
Till then we would yield with gladness our treasures to him to keep;
And rejoce in the sweet assurance,
He giveth his loved ones sleep.

Our Story Teller.

The Parson's Horse Race.

BY HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

"Wal! now, this 'ere does beat all! I wouldn't a' thought it o' the deacon!"

So spoke Sam Lawson, drooping in a discouraged, contemplative attitude in front of an equally discouraged-looking horse, that had just been brought to him by the widow Simpkins for medical treatment. Among Sam's many accomplishments he was reckoned in the neighborhood an oracle in all matters of this kind, especially by women, whose helplessness in meeting such emergencies found unfailing solace under his compassionate willingness to attend to any business that did not strictly belong to him, and from which no pecuniary return was to be expected.

The widow Simkins had bought this horse of Deacon Atkins, apparently a fairly well-appointed brute, and capable as he was good looking. A short, easy drive when the deacon held the reins had shown off his points to advantage, and the widow's small stock of ready savings had come forth freely in payment for what she thought was a bargain. When, soon after coming into possession, she discovered, that her horse, if driven with any haste, panted in a fearful manner, and that he appeared to be growing lame, she waxed wroth, and went to the deacon in anger, to be met only with the smooth remainder that the animal was all right when she took him.—that she had seen him tried herself. The widow was of a nature somewhat spicy, and expressed herself warmly: "It's a cheat and a shame, and I'll take the law on ye."

"What law will you take?" said the unmoved deacon. "Wasn't it a fair bargain?"

"I'll take the law of God," said the widow, with impotent indignation, and she departed to pour her cares and trials into the ever ready ear of Sam. Having assumed the care of the animal, he now sat contemplating it in a sort of trance of melancholy reflection.

"Why, boys," he broke out, "why didn't she come to me afore she bought this critter! Why I knew all about him! That 'ere critter was jest ruined a year ago last summer, when Tom, the deacon's boy come home from college. Tom driv him over to Sherburn and back that 'ere hot Fourth of July. 'Member it, 'cause I saw the crittur had the thumps all night, and he hain't never been good for nothin' since. I telled the deacon he was a gone hoss then, and wouldn't never be good for nothin'. The deacon he took off his shoes and let him to pastur' all summer, and he's been a-feedin' an' nussin' on him up; and now he's put him off on the widder. I wouldn't a' thought it o' the deacon. Why this hoss'll never be no good to her; that 'ere's a used-up crittur, any fool may see! He'll mabbe do for about a quarter of an hour on a smooth road, but come to drive him as a body wants to drive, why, he blows like my bellowisis; the deacon knew it—must a' known it!"

"Why, Sam," we exclaimed, 'ain't the deacon a good man?"

"Wal now, there's where the shoe pinches! In a gineral way the deacon is a good man Ahe's considerable more than middlin' good—ginerally he adorns his profession. On most p'ints I don't hev nothin' agin the deacon, and this 'ere ain't a bit like him. but ther't is! Come to hosses, there's where the unsanctified natur' comes out? Folks will cheat about hosses when they won't about 'most nothin' else."

And Sam leaned back on his cold forge, now empty of coal, and seemed to deliver himself a mournful train of general reflection.

"Yes, hosses does seem to be sort o' unregenerate critturs," he broke out, "there's suthin' about horses that deceives the very elect; the best o' folks gets tripped up when they come to deal in hosses!"

"Why, Sam, is there anything bad in horses?" we interjected timidly.

"'Taint the hosses, boys," said Sam, with solemnity. "Lordy massy, the hosses is all right enough.—hosses is scriptural animals; Elijah went up to heaven in a chori't with hosses; and then all them lots o' horses in the Ravalations, black and white and red and all sorts o' colors! That 'ere shows hosses goes to heaven; but it's mor'n the folks that hev 'em is likely to, ef they don't look out."

"Ministers now," continued Sam, in a soliloquizing vein, "folks allers thinks it's sunthin' sort o' shaky in a minister to hev much to do with hosses—sure to get 'em into trouble. There was an old Parson Willmiams of North Billriky got into a dreffal mess about a hoss. Lordy massy,he warn't to blame, neither, but he got into the dreffulest scrape you ever heard on—come nigh to upsettin' him."

"Oh, Sam, tell us all about it," we boys shouted, delighted with the prospect of a story.

"Wal, wait now till I git off this critter's shoes, and we'll take him up to pastur', and then we can kind o' set by the river and fish. Hepsy wanted a mess o' fish for supper,and I was cal'latin' to git some for her. You boys go and be diggin' bait and git yer lines."

And so as we were sitting tranquilly beside the Charles river, watching our lines, Sam's narative began:

"Ye see, boys, Parson Williams—he's dead now—but when I was a boy he was one of the great men 'round here. He writ books. He writ a tract agin the Armenians, and put 'em down, and he writ a big book on the millennium (I've got that 'ere book now); he was a smart preacher; folks said he had invitations to settle in Boston, and their ain't no doubt he might a hed a Boston parish ef he'd a' ben a mind to take it, but he's got a good settlement and a handsome farm in North Billriky, and didn't care to move; though I s'pose that 'twas better to be number one in a little space than number two in a big un; any way, he carried all before him where he was.

"Parson Williams was a tall, straight, personable man—come of good family—father and grand'ther before him all ministers; he was putty up and down and commandin' in his ways, and things had to go putty much as he said. He was a good deal sot by, Parson Williams was, and his wife was a Derby, one 'o them rich Salem Derbys, and brought him a lot o' money, and so they lived putty easy and comfortable as far as this world's goods goes. Well now, the parson wan't what you would reely call worldly minded, but then he was one o' them folks that knows what's good in temporals as well as spertuals, and allers liked to hev the best that there was goin'; and he allers had an eye to a good hoss.

"Now there was Parson Adams and Parson Scranton, the most of the other ministers, they didn't know and didn't care what hoss they hed; jest jogged round with these 'ere poundin', pot-bellied, sleepy critturs that ministers mostly hes, good enough to crawl round to funerals and ministers' meetin's and associations and sich, but Parson Williams he allers would hev a hoss as was a hoss; he looked out for blood, and when these 'ere Vermont fellers would come down with a drove, the parson he hed his eyes open and knew what was what. Couldn't none of 'em cheat him on hoss flesh; and so one time when Zach Buel was down with a drove, the doctor he bought the best hoss in the lot. Zach said he never see a parson afore that he couldn't cheat, but he said the doctor really knew as much as he did, and got the very one he meant to 'a' kept for himself.

"This 'ere hoss was a peeler, I'll tell you. They call him Tamerlane, from some heathen feller or other; the boys called him Tam for short. Tam was a great character. All the fellers for miles round knew the doctor's Tam, and used to come clear over from the other parisher to see him.

"Wal, this 'ere sot up Cuff's back high, I tell you. Cuff was the doctor's nigger man, an he was nat'ally a dreffal proud crittur! The way he would swell and strut and brag about the doctor and his folks and his things! The doctor used to give Cuff his cast off clothes, and Cuff would prance round in 'em and seem to think he was a doctor of divinity himself, and had the charge of all natur'.

"Well, Cuff he reely made an idol o' that 'ere hoss, a reg'lar graven image, and bowed down and worshipped him; he didn't think nothin' was too good for him; he washed and brushed and curried him, and rubbed him down, till he shone like a lady's satin dress; and he took pride in ridin' and drivin' him, 'cause it was what the doctor wouldn't let nobody else do but himself. You see, Tam warn't no lady's hoss. Miss Williams was 'fraid as death of him, and the parson he hed to git her a sort o' low-spirited crittur that she could drive herself, but he liked to drive Tam; and he liked to go round the country on his back, and a fine figure of a man he was on him too. He didn't let nobody else back 'em or handle the reins but Cuff, and Cuff was dreffal set up about it, and he swelled and bragged about that ar hoss all round the country. Nobody couldn't put in a word 'bout any other hoss without Cuff's feathers would be all up—stiff as a turkey's tail—and that's how Cuff got the doctor into trouble.

"Ye see, there nat'lly was others that thought they'd got hosses, and didn't want to be crowed over There was Bill Atkins, out to the west parish, and Ike Sanders, that kep' a stable up to Pequot Holler; they was down a-lookin' at the parson's hoss, and a-bettin' on their'n and a darin' Cuff to race with 'em.

"Wal, Cuff he couldn't stan' it and when the doctor's back was turned he'd be off on the sly, and they,d hev their race; and Tam he beat 'em all. Tam, ye see, boys, was a hoss that couldn't and wouldn't hev a hoss ahead of him—he jest wouldn't. Ef he dropped down dead in his tracks the next minit, he would be ahead, and so his name got up; and fellers kep' comin' to try their horses, and Cuff'd take Tam out to race with fust one then another till this 'ere got to be a reg'lar thing, and begun to be talked about.

"Folks sort o' wondered if the doctor knew, but Cuff was sly as a weasel, and allers had a story ready for every turn; Cuff was one of those fellers that could talk a bird off a bush—master hand he was to slick things over!

"There was folks as said they believed the doctor was knowin' to it, and he felt a sort of carnal pride, sech as a minister oughtn't fer to hev, and so shet his eyes to what was a-goin' on. Aunt Sally Nickerson said she was sure on't; 'twas all talked over down to Miss Bummingher's funeral, and Aunt Sally she said the church ought to look into it. But everybody knew Aunt Sally; she was allers watchin' for folks' haltin's, and settin' on herself up to jedge her neighbors.

"Wal, I never believed nothin' Parson Williams; it was all Cuff's contrivances; but the fact was the fellers all got their blood up, and there was hoss racin' in all the parishes; and it got so they'd even race hosses on Sunday.

"Wal, of course they never got the doctor's hoss out a Sunday. Cuff wouldn't 'a 'durst to do that, Lord massy, no! He was allers there in church setting up in the doctor's clothes, rollin' up his eyes and lookin' as pious as ef he never thought o' racin' hosses; he was an awful solemn-lookin' nigger in church, Cuff was.

"But there was a lot o' them fellers up to Pequot Holler—Bill Atkins and Ike Sanders, and Tom Peters, and them Hokum boys—used to go out arter meetin' Sunday afternoon and race hosses. Ye see it was jest close to the State line, and they couldn't take 'em.

"Wal, it got to be a great scandal; the fellers talked about it up to the tavern, and the deacons and the tithingmen they took it up and went to Parson Williams about it, and the parson he told 'em jest to keep still, not let the fellers know that they were bein' watched, and next Sunday they and the tithingman and the constable they'd ride over and catch 'em in the very act.

"So next Sunday afternoon Parson Williams and Deacon Popkins, and Ben Bradley, he was constable that year, they got on their hosses and rode over to Pequot Holler. The doctor's blood was up, and he meant to come down on 'em strong, for that was his way of doin' in his parish; and they was in a sort o' jedgment from o' mind, and jogged along solemn as a herse, till, come to rise the hill above the boiler, they see three or four fellers with their hosses gettin' ready to race; and the parson says he:

"'Let's come on quiet and get behind these bushes, and we'll see what they're up to and catch 'em in the act.'

"But the mischief on't was that Ike Sanders see 'em comin,' and he knowed Tam in a minit—Ike knowed Tam of old—and he jest tipped the wink to the rest.

"'Wait boys,' says he, 'let 'em git close up, and then I'll give the word and the doctor's hoss will be racin' ahead like thunder.'

"Wal, so the doctor and his folks they drew up behind the bushes, and stood there innocent as could be, and saw 'em gettin' ready to start. Tam he began to shuffle and paw, but the doctor never mistrusted what he was up to till Ike sung out, go it, boys!' and the hosses all started, when, sure as you live, boys, Tam give one fly and was over the bushes and in among 'em goin' it like chain lightin' ahead of 'em all.

"Deacon Popkins and Ben Bradley jest stood and held their breath to see 'em all goin' it so like thunder; and the doctor he was took so sudden it was all he could do to jest hold on any way, so away he went, and trees and bushes and fences streaked by him like ribbons; his hat flew off behind him, and his wig arter, and got catched in a barbery bush; but, Lordy massy, he couldn't stop to think o' them. He jest leaned down and caught Tam aroun' the neck and held on for dear life, till they come to the stopping place.

"Wal, Tam was ahead of 'em all, sure enough, and was snorting and snuffling as if he'd got the very old boy in him, and was up to racing some more on the spot.

"That 'ere Ike Sanders was the impudentest feller that ever you see, and he roared and rawhawed at the doctor.

"'Good for you, parson!' says he; 'takes a parson for that, don't it, boys!' he said.

"And then he and Bill, and Tom and the two Hokum boys they jest roared, and danced round like wild critturs.

"Wal, now, only think on't boys, what a situation that was for a minister—a man that had come out with the best of motives to put a stop to Sabbath breaking!' There he was all rumpled up and dusty, and his wig hangin' in the bushes, and these ungodly fellers gettin' the laugh on him, and all a cause of that 'er hoss. There's times, boys, when ministers must be tempted to swear, if there ain't preventin' grace, and this was one o' them times to Parson Williams. They say he got red in the face and looked as if he should bust, but he didn't say nothin'; he scorned to answer,—the sons of Serulah was too hard for him, and he let 'em hev their say. But when they'd got through, and Ben had brought him his hat and wig, and brushed and settled him ag'in the parson he says: 'Well, boys, ye've had yer say and yer laugh, but I warn you now I won't have this going on here any more,' says he, 'so mind yourselves.'

"Wal, the boys saw the doctor's blood was up, and they rode off pretty quick, and I believed they never raced no more in that spot.

"But there ain't no telling the talk, you know, and there warn't a house in all Billriky, nor in the south parish nor centre, where it weren't had over and discussed. There was the deacon and Ben Bradley was there to witness and show jest how the thing was, and that the doctor was jest in the way of his duty; but folks said it made a great scandal, that a minister hadn't no business to have that kind o' hoss, and that he'd given the enemy occasion to speak reproachfully. It ree'y did seem as if Tam's sins was imputed to the doctor; and folks said he ought to sell Tam right away and get a sober minister's hoss.

"But others said it was cuff that had got Tam into bad ways, and they do say that Cuff had to catch it pretty lively when the doctor came to settle accounts with him. Cuff thought his time had come sure enough, and was so scarlet that he turned blacker'n ever; he got enough to cure him o' hoss racin' for one while. But Cuff got over it after awhile, and so did the doctor. Lordy massy, there ain't nothin' last forever. Wait long enough and most everthing blows over. So it turned out about the doctor; there was a rumpus and a fuss, and folks talked, and talked, and advised; everybody had their way, but the doctor kep' right straight on and kep' his hoss all the same.

"The ministers they took it up in the association, but come to tell the story it sot 'em all a-laughing so they couldn't be very hard on the doctor.

"The doctor felt sort o' streaked at first when they told the story on him; he didn't 'jest like it; but he got used to it, and finally when he got twitted on't, he'd sort o' smile, and say, 'Any way, Tam beat 'em; that's one comfort."

Pithy Paragraphs.

The song of the top—Hum again.

A hotel bill may well be called inn-debtedness.

How to manage a wife—Remain single.

The grave robbery is all settled. He did it with his little Hatch-it.

Did it ever occur to any one to look into the "slums of Brooklyn" for it?

A short horse is soon curried, but a mule, short or long, will kick you into the next township.

Hurrah for brave, plucky England! The British lion has again attacked a little animal no bigger than a tomcat.

"I'll see you later," is not a new slang phrase, by any means. That was what the whale said to Jonah when they parted in mid-ocean.

Anthony Comstock,qausi-guardian of the morals of New York, is becoming such a prude that he threatens to arrest the "naked truth" and stop the circulation of "bare assertions."

Spikes says he understands there is land in Indiana so extremely poor and unproductive that some of the farmers are unable to raise more than one foot at a time when going to a dog fight.

The item being circulated throughout the country that Christine Nillson lost eight thousand pounds in two months is believed to be an ingenious advertisement of the anti-fat man.

One time a lion met an elephant and the elephant said: "You better go and git your hair cut." But the lion it said: "Bah! I shan't resent a feller's insults which has got his nose tween his own teeths."

A New York man stole his wife's wooden leg and pawned it for money to buy whiskey. Now she wants a divorce, but it must be confessed that her excuse for desiring a separation is a very lame one.

"Why did you beat your wife?" asked the magistrate, of a culprit from West Hill. "Well, sir," said the prisoner, who lives by fighting, "because everybody else had gone to bed, and wouldn't get up and come out."

A sheep in possession of Mr. E. H. Slayton, of South Woodstock, Vt., has a perfect miniature mouth inside of its ear—teeth, tongue and all complete—which opens and shuts as the sheep eats.

The St. Louis *Spirit* wants some one to solve the problem, "How to keep the base viol from obstructing the view of those sitting in the parquet." Easiest thing in the world. Put the orchestra in the gallery.

A little boy, weeping most piteously, was interrupted by some unusual occurrence. He hushed his cries for a moment; the thought was broken, "Ma," said he, resuming his sniffle, "what was I crying about just now?"

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In all this events have justified it. The year has disclosed the danger THE TRIBUNE predicted, and brought the deliverance it promised. It now asks those who think well of what it did in this eventful year to help widen yet further its influence by increasing its circulation for the next. It labored to harmonize the Republican party; to divert Republicans from attacks upon each other to attacks upon the common enemy. It exposed Southern claims. It denounced the Southern suppression of the negro vote. It resisted debasement of the currency. It endeavored to sustain the Treasury in advancing to specie payments. It strove to promote a practical reform in the Civil Service. It vindicated the legitimacy of the Republican Administration. It crushed assailants by demonstrating the infamous efforts of the Democratic leaders to buy the Presidency they had fairly lost at the polls. For these services a distinguished member of the Administration has declared that the Republican party and the country owe THE TRIBUNE a debt of gratitude so great that, despairing of full payment immediately, they must imitate the Treasury and fund it! Leading Republicans outside of and even opposed to the Administration, are everywhere heartily expressing similar opinions.

THE TRIBUNE now warns the country that, inspiring as the late elections have been, they do not end the danger. The Democrats and the Greenbackers, if united, could have reversed the verdict. They may be united next time. They already have the Solid South to begin with, as well as the evidence of the control their union would give in many of the Western States. To prevent such a union from sweeping the country, we must keep the Republican party in the highest state of discipline and efficiency, and must educate the voters. If friends know any better agency for such political education than THE TRIBUNE is now spending more labor and money than ever before to deserve the distinction it has long enjoyed of the largest circulation among the best people. It is the only newspaper in the country maintaining a special telegraphic wire of its own between its office and the National Capital. Its Washington dispatches are much the fullest anywhere published. Its London correspondent, George W. Smalley, is recognized as the foremost in that field, on the American Press. Its other foreign correspondence ranks exceptionally high. Its scientific, religious and literary intelligence is often fuller, and generally more newsy than that furnished by journals expressly devoted to these specialities. Its critical departments, all conducted by the old heads, remain the acknowledged authorities:

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by Katharine D. Smith, with illustrations by Frederick Dielman, begins in the same number; and a fresh serial by Susan Coolidge, entitled "Eyebright," with plenty of pictures, will be commenced early in the volume. There will also be a continued fairy-tale called

"Humpty Budget's Tower,"

written by Julian Hawthorne, and illustrated by Alfred Fredericks. About the other familiar features of ST. NICHOLAS, the editor preserves a good-humored silence, content, perhaps, to let her five volumes already issued, prophesy concerning the sixth, in respect to short stories, pictures, poems, humor, instructive sketches, and the lure and lore of "Jack-in-the-Pulpit," the "Very Little Folks" department, and the "Letter-box," and "Riddle-box."

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THE SUN will be printed every day during the year to come. Its purpose and method will be the same as in the past: To present all the news in a readable shape, and to tell the truth though the heavens fall.

THE SUN has been, is, and will continue to be independent of everybody and everything save the Truth and its own convictions of duty. That is the only policy which an honest newspaper need have. This is the policy which has won for this newspaper the confidence and friendship of a wider constituency than was ever enjoyed by any other American Journal.

THE SUN is the newspaper for the people. It is not for the rich man against the poor man, or for the poor man against the rich man, but seeks to do equal justice to all interests in the community. It is not an organ of any person, class, sect or party. There need be no mystery about its loves and hates. It is for the honest man against the rogues every time. It is for honest Democrat against the dishonest Republican, and for the honest Republican against the dishonest Democrat. It does not take its cue from the utterances of any politician or political organization. It gives its support unreservedly when men or measures are in agreement with the Constitution and with the principles upon which this Republic was founded, for the people. Whenever the Constitution and constitutional principles are violated—as in the outrageous conspiracy of 1876, by which a man not elected was placed in the President's office, where he still remains—it speaks out for the right That is THE SUN'S idea of independence. In this respect there will be no change in its programme for 1879.

THE SUN has fairly earned the hearty hatred of rascals, frauds, and humbugs of all sorts and sizes. It hopes to deserve that hatred not less in the year 1879, than in 1878, 1877, or any year gone by. THE SUN will continue to shine on the wicked with unmitigated brightness.

While the lessons of the past should be constantly kept before the people, THE SUN does not propose to make itself in 1879 a magazine of ancient history. It is printed for the men and women of to-day, whose concern is chiefly with the affairs of to-day. It has both the disposition and the ability to afford its readers the promptest, fullest, and most accurate intelligence of whatever in the wide world is worth attention. To this end the resources belonging to well-established prosperity will be liberally employed.

The present disjointed condition of parties in this country, and the uncertainty of the future, lend an extraordinary significance to the events of the coming year. The discussions of the press, the debates and acts of Congress, and the movements of the leaders in every section of the Republic will have a direct bearing on the Presidential election of 1880—an event which must be regarded with the most anxious interest by every patriotic American, whatever his political ideas or allegiance. To these elements of interest may be added the probability that the Democrats will control both houses of Congress, the increasing feebleness of the fraudulent Administration, and the spread and strengthening everywhere of a healthly abhorence of fraud in any form. To present with accuracy and clearness the exact situation in each of its varying phases, and to expound, according to its well-known methods, the principles that should guide us through the labyrinth, will be an important part of THE SUN'S work for 1879.

We have the means of making THE SUN, as a political, a literary and a general newspaper, more entertaining and more useful than ever before; and we mean to apply them freely.

Our rates of subscription remain unchanged. For the DAILY SUN, a four page sheet of twenty-eight columns, the price by mail, postpaid, is 55 cents a month, or $6.50 a year; or, including the Sunday paper, an eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns, the price is 65 cents a month, or $7.70 a year postage paid.

The Sunday edition of THE SUN is also furnished separately at $1.20 a pear, postage paid.

The price of the WEEKLY SUN, eight pages, fifty-six columns, is $1 a year, postage paid. For clubs of ten sending $10 we will send an extra copy free. Address

I. W. ENGLAND,
46-6t Publisher of THE SUN, New York.

Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after June 2, 1878:

SUMMER.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 25 a m
" " Williamsport		8 35 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		10 55 a m
" arr at Erie		7 35 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		7 20 a m
" " Harrisburg		10 50 a m
" " Williamsport		2 20 p m
" " Lock Haven		3 25 p m
" arr at Renoo		4 40 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		4 35 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 45 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 35 p m
" " Williamsport		7 30 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 40 p m

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven		6 40 a m
" " Williamsport		7 14 a m
arr at Harrisburg		11 55 a m
" Philadelphia		3 45 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Renovo		10 05 a m
" Lock Haven		11 20 a m
" " Williamsport		12 40 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		4 10 p m
" " Philadelphia		7 20 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo		8 35 p m
" " Lock Haven		9 45 p m
" " Williamsport		11 05 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		2 45 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 00 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12 35 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 58 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 25 a m
ACCO'M. Leaves Renovo		7 55 a m
" arr. at Lock Haven		10 40 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, Lock Haven Accommodation West, and Day Express East, make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Erie Express West, and Lock Haven Accommodation West, make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East, make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R., at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Erie Exp. West, Philadelphia Express East and Day Express East, and Sunday Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table December 31, 1877.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 25
Flemington	5 29	3 30
Mill Hall	5 33	3 33
Beech Creek	5 46	3 47
Eagleville	5 50	3 51
Howard	6 00	4 00
Mount Eagle	6 08	4 10
Curtin	6 13	4 16
Milesburg	6 23	4 25
Bellefonte	6 33	4 35
Milesburg	6 43	4 45
Snow Shoe Int	6 48	4 48
Unionville	6 58	4 58
Julian	7 09	5 10
Martha	7 18	5 21
Port Matilda	7 26	5 31
Hannah	7 34	5 40
Fowler	7 40	5 46
Bald Eagle	7 48	5 53
Vail	7 53	5 58
East Tyrone	7 58	6 03
Arrive at Tyrone	8 05	6 10
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 30
East Tyrone	7 15	8 37
Vail	7 19	8 42
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 47
Fowler	8 54	7 30
Hannah	7 36	9 02
Port Matilda	7 44	9 11
Martha	7 52	9 20
Julian	8 01	9 30
Unionville	8 11	9 42
Snow Shoe Int	8 21	9 51
Milesburg	8 24	9 55
Bellefonte	8 32	10 03
Milesburg	8 45	10 15
Curtin	8 55	10 25
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 30
Howard	9 08	10 40
Eagleville	9 18	10 52
Beech Creek	9 22	10 57
Mill Hall	9 34	11 10
Flemington	9 37	11 14
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 18

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Dec. 31, 1877.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.30 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.20 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.20 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.42 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.12 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 4.55 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.27 p. m.

DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

Drugs and Medicines.

Drugs, Drugs, Drugs.

S. T. SHUGERT having purchased the Drug Store, on Allegheny-st., Bellefonte, nex door to the Hardware Store of Hicks & Bro. has stocked it with all the most populor

Drugs & Medicines,
Chemicals,
Perfumery,
Soaps, Combs,
Brushes,
Trusses,
Supporters,
Braces,
Fancy and Toilet Articles, Etc.

Patent Medicines, Alcohol, pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes only.

PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED and orders answered with care and dispatch. Farmers and Physicians from the country will find our stock of Medicines complete, warranted genuine and of the best quality.

The store will remain under the direction of the accomplished druggist and pharmacist, heretofore connected with it, Mr. H. M. Herrington, and we respectfully solicit the custom of our friends and the old patrons of the store.
9 16-1y S. T. SHUGERT.

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.
F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

WM. S. GALBRAITH,
PLUMBER,
GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done neatly and expeditiously. All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. W. S. GALBRAITH,
7-tf. Bellefonte, Pa.

NEW DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE

STILL AHEAD!!

BEATS ALL.

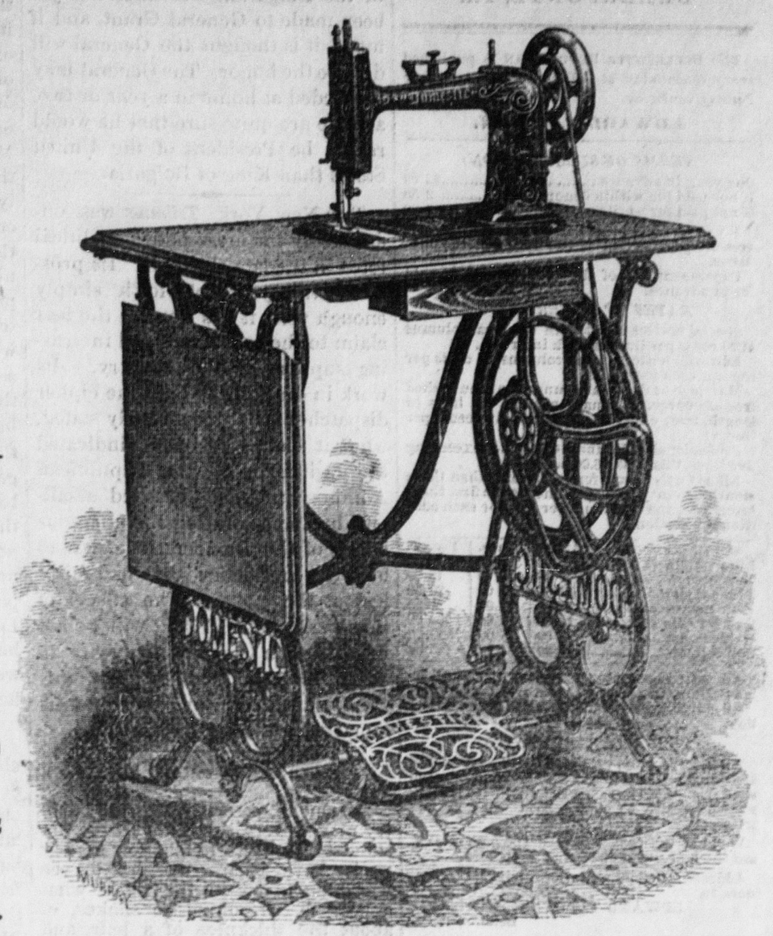
LIGHTEST RUNNING.

ROOMY.

Self-Threading.

THE LEADING MACHINE OF THE AGE.

Call at the
Music Store.
FOR SALE BY
Bunnell & Aikens,
Dealers in
Pianos, Organs
AND
Sewing Machines.



N. B.—Persons selecting a machine and taking it away get an agents percentage off. Save your money.

Medical.

Grace's Celebrated Salve.
A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.

PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & SONS,
86 HARRISON AVENUE,
BOSTON, MASS.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE
Is a Vegetable Preparation

invented in the 17th century by Dr. William Grace, Surgeon in King James' army. Through its agency he cured thousands of the most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Price 25 Cents a Box.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE
CURES

flesh wounds, frozen limbs, salt rheum, chilblains, sore breast, sore lips, erysipelas, ringworms, scald head, chapped hands, burns, cancers, felons, scalds, sores, ulcers, wounds, stings, shingles, festers, wens, sties, piles, abcess, freckles, bunions, sprains, boils, bites, cuts, whitlows, warts, blisters, tan, pimples, corns, scurvy, itch, ingrowing nails, nettle rash, mosquito and flea bites, spider stings,
And all cutaneous diseases and eruptions generally.

For sale by all druggists, grocers, and at all country stores throughout the United States and British Provinces. Price by mail 30 cents.
10-33-1y

Health and Happiness.

Health and Happiness are priceless Wealth to their possessors, and yet they are within the reach of every one who will use

WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS.

The only sure CURE for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sour Stomach, Constip ation Debility, Nausea, and all Billious complaints and Blood disorders. None genuine unless signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your Druggist will not supply, send 25 cents for one box to Barrick, Roller & Co., 70 N. 4th St. Phila 10-2 1y

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill each night from one to twelve weeks may be restored to sound health if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Maine. 44 4t

D. I. C.
Is an absolute and irresistable cure for
DRUNK-
enness, Intemperance and the use of opium, Tobacco, Narcotics and Stimulants, removing all taste, desire and habit of using any of them, rendering the taste or desire for any of them perfectly odious and disgusting. Giving everyone perfect and irresistable control of the sobriety of themselves and their friends.

It prevents that absolute physical and moral prostration that follows the sudden breaking off from using stimulants or narcotics.

Package, prepaid, to cure 1 to 5 persons, $2, or at your druggists, $1.75. Temperance and charitable societies should use it.

It is harmless and never-failing.

HOP BITTERS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

THE HOP COUGH CURE

Destroys all pain, loosens the cough, quiets the nerves and produces rest. It never fails in performing a perfect cure where there is a shadow of hope.

Try it once and you will find it so.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 46-4t

Do you want to make some money?

If so, here is a chance. Competent Agents Male or Female wanted to sell the **Rotary Seive.** The most Convenient Article for domestic use, for the purpose designed, ever invented. Its scoops, sifts, weighs, measures and mixes. Also for straining Fruit, Washing Rice etc.

Over 1000 Agents are now engaged in selling them in the west. Territory is eagerly taken wherever offered, so apply early. For particulars address, C. M. WHITE,
Gen. Agt. West Penn'a. Pittsburg, Pa.
10-27.

Dry Goods, Groceries and Provisions.

OPENING OF THE
FALL SEASON.

Valentines & Co.

HAVE LAID IN A LARGE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
GROCERIES,

Queensware, Glassware, &c., &c.

REMEMBER OUR LOW PRICES:

Tea, per pound	40 cents
Coffee, per pound	20 cents
Soap, per cake	4 cents
Syrup, per gallon	60 cents

SALT IS LOWER THAN EVER—A Car Load just received.

Wanted---1000 Bushel Potatoes

Will pay the HIGHEST market price for Butter and Eggs.

Humes' Block, - Bellefonte, Pa.

DYEING.

Mrs. W. E. Shope takes this method to inform her patrons that she is now located on Harrison avenue, north of cemetery, Bellefonte, where she is prepared to do dyeing in the most complete and satisfactory manner. Old clothes made as bright as new.

CHARGES MODERATE.

Don't forget the place, Harrison avenue, Bellefonte. 10-46-tf

STRAYED.—Came to the premises of the subscriber in Patton township, on or about August 1, 1878, a small brown cow, supposed to be about nine years old; a piece of the left ear is off. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away, or she will be disposed of according to law. ISAAC GRAY.
Nov. 14, 1878. 46-3t

THE LARGEST, OLDEST AND BEST.
FIFTY-TWO PAGES—MONTHLY.
AMERICAN BEE JOURNAL
$1.50 a year; Sample Copy, 10c.
Thomas G. Newman & Son,
772 and 974 West Madison Street, Chicago.
46-4w

Black Forest Oil Catarrh Remedy
WARRANTED TO CURE IN ALL CASES.
Where directions are followed. Sold by all druggists in one and two dollar packages. Patients using our remedy should write us fully of their cases, and we will send them special directions. If your druggist has not our remedy, write to us at once for sample package, circulars, &c. Address, F. H. BOWER & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., General agents for the United States and Canada

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 hn' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches.....	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column.....	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

THE Secretary of the Navy, in his annual report, says that since his former report the condition of the navy has been considerably improved. There are now in commission twenty-eight cruising ships, one steamboat and five sailing vessels, all in condition for active service, except the Gettysburg. There are six vessels, including one monitor, which can be made ready for sea in a few months. Besides there are thirteen needing more expensive repairs, but all can be put in thorough condition with the present appropriations and those asked for the next fiscal year. In case of necessity ninety-one war vessels, including monitors, can be put in service.

Sine Die.

In an interview with a gentleman from one of the lower tier of counties in this State on the results of the recent election, we asked him how he explained the fact that while most of the counties in his section either diminished their Democratic vote of former years, or failed to augment it. Old Northampton rolled up a majority for the unwashed nominees of over 3,000. He facetiously remarked that the secret might be discovered in the caption of this article. "Years ago," he continued, "a delegrate to a Democratic convention held in that county, and who was afterwards honored with the office of High Sheriff, when the chairman declared the aforesaid convention would be adjourned *sine die*, arose and desired an explanation, saying—'He knew almost every foot of ground in the county, but he'll be darned if he knew where *sine die* was!"' We cheerfully accepted this new light thrown upon this hitherto dark subject, and in the future shall not vex ourself explaining away the political freaks of these so-called Egyptian spots in this as in other States.

The Throne of Bulgaria.

General Grant's name has been mentioned in connection with the throne of Bulgaria. Under the provisions of the first and third articles of the treaty of Berlin, Bulgaria is constituted an automatic tributary, Principality under the Suzerainty of the Sultan, with a Christian government and a national malitia. The Prince is to be elected by the population, and their choice is to be approved and confirmed by the Porte, and by England, France, Germany, Russia, Austria and Italy. No member of any reigning European dynasty is eligible to the post, and this provision of the treaty has greatly limited the number of eligible candidates. The far spread and brilliant reputation of General Grant as a soldier and a ruler, it is said, has led the Bulgarian nobles, who are now debating among themselves the question of a ruler and the details of a new constitution, to look upon him as a most desirable prince. It is urged that he would be most eminently fitted for the post under the provisions of the treaty of Berlin. The most perfect equality in political and religious rights is to be extended to all the inhabitants of Bulgaria, and it is thought a wholly impartial foreigner like General Grant can best secure the execution of the laws designed to secure this equality. No formal proposition on the part of the Bulgarian nobilities has yet been made to General Grant, and if made, it is thought the General will decline the honor. The General may be needed at home in a year or two, and we are quite sure that he would rather be President of the United States than King of Bulgaria.

THE New York *Tribune* was undoubtedly the most potent political force in the late election. Its prospectus this year sets forth simply enough what it has done as the best claim to the continued and increasing support of the country. Its work in dragging to light the cipher dispatches is not too strongly stated, when it claims to have vindicated the legitimacy of the Republican Administration, and crushed assailants by demonstrating the infamous efforts of the Democratic leaders to buy the Presidency they had fairly lost at the polls. The effects of this work of the *Tribune* will be felt in American politics for years to come. See the prospectus of this great journal for next year, and its remarkably attractive premiums.

Hair Snakes.

Persons in passing along the country roads where the water frequently stands or collects in shallow muddy pools, have been surprised to see wriggling about in the water what appear to be miniature snakes, of about the thickness of a hair, and wonder how they chanced to come there. These wriggling objects are simply the animalcule that congregate in the horse hairs that have by some means or other dropped into the water, and been warmed into restless activity by the action of the sun upon them. We think we can throw a little light upon this subject and bring fresh to the remembrance of many an amusement which was practiced by schoolboys twenty-five years ago. When we were a school boy it was a favorite amusement to go to some gutter or small pool of water along the roadsides to "make hair snakes," as the *modus operandi* of creating these curious things was then termed. The method was to take one or a dozen (the more the merrier) of horse hairs, and roll or tie them in a knot and put them in the water where the sun would shine on it, and in a few days a mass of apparently slender snakes were to be seen twisting and wriggling at a rate that was really surprising to look at. We have seen this phenomenon scores of times, and have made hair snakes by the thousands. A great many persons giving a superficial glance at these snakes, believe that a real head and eye come on the snake. This, of course, is an error; the end of the hair assumes a phosphorescent brilliancy, but it is not an eye. The mystery about the hair snake has been removed long ago; it is nothing but the animalcule that congregate in the hair—as horse-hair, as well as human hair, is tube like and hollow, and these little animals get in the hair and then they probably squirm to get out, and seemingly the hair turns into a snake—when it is nothing only what we assert here; and the idea that it is a real snake is amusingly absurd.

The Osceola *Reveille* man is responsible for the above.

A Chemist's Sensation.

At the last sitting of the French Academy of Sciences a very remarkable communication was read by M. Dumas from Mr. Norman Lockyer, which, should his views turn out to be correct, will entirely overthrow all the theories of chemistry at present accepted. In a series of investigations, extending over some years, into the nature of the spectra of the sun, of other celestial bodies, and the artificial spectra of different simple bodies at various degrees of temperature, Mr. Lockyer has arrived at the conviction that all the elementary bodies recognized by chemists are neither more nor less than hydrogen at various degrees of condensation.

For the moment he furnishes no specific details, but he promises very soon to present material, physical and chemical proofs of this extraordinary fact, which he states is already placed beyond the domain of probabilities, and will inaugurate a new chemistry, giving us a far more expanded idea of the simplicity of the proceedings by which the world in which we live was gradually formed. According to Mr. Lockyer the stars, which are the hottest, contain either pure hydrogen or the most elementary bodies. The sun, which is only of medium heat, consists of a mixture of various elements, while the colder celestial bodies show the most complex compounds.

The greatest anxiety was expressed to be made acquainted with the nature of the experiments which had led the learned investigator to come to such conclusions. The startling nature of the announcement is sufficient to excite great astonishment, as it is utterly opposed to all our preconceived notions of the chemistry of the universe, and very naturally makes us think that the ancient astrologers, with their notions of the transmutation of metals, were not such visionaries after all as they have been generally considered—only they turned their efforts in a wrong direction.

—Go to Harris' hardware store if you want the best hanging lamp at lowest prices.

Additional Local Matters.

—There is a time in the tide of the affairs of mankind which, if taken at the right time, often leads to prosperity and even opulence. Or a chance often occurs which if taken advantage of often shapes the course of a man for the whole balance of his life. Such a chance is now offered by Messrs. S. & A. Loeb, the livest as well the oldest merchants in Centre county. They deserve a great deal of credit in their efforts, just at this particular time, in notifying the community that, from the general idea being prevalent that we are to have a very severe winter, in consequence of which, and in order to give every one a chance to cheaply provide against the severe elements of winter, they have caused a general mark down through their entire stock of dry-goods, clothing, boots and shoes and ladies and gent's furnishing goods; the reduction being so great that the poorest in our community have no need to suffer. We also take this opportunity of stating that the Messrs. Loeb for the last twenty-five years have been the leaders in prices as well as the leaders in the mercantile business of Bellefonte.

—The genial physiognomy of our elongated friend, Mr. Benjamin J. L. Schroyer, was noticed last Sunday on our streets. "Ben" arrived on the late train Saturday night, spent Sabbath with his parents and many friends, and took his departure on the early train Monday morning for Philadelphia, which place is his headquarters. Although a young man, Mr. S. holds a lucrative but responsible position under the Adams Express Company, and we sincerely believe that a better or more able young man could not be found within the bounds of the Commonwhealth by that corporation than he.

—The Carpe Diem Club, of Lock Haven, an organization of good standing in that community, is making arrangements for a grand promenade concert and ball at the Opera House on Christmas night. The committee of arrangements will spare neither time, trouble or expense to make it the grandest affair of the kind ever held in this section. Invitations are being printed and will be sent to Williamsport, Jersey Shore, Bellefonte and Renovo.

—Information of any private soldier or officer belonging to Company E, First Veteran Reserves, stationed at Albany, N. Y., in June, 1865, is greatly desired. Any person belonging to that Company will please address a letter to the *Herald*, Columbia, Pa., as the information to be obtained will enable a needy veteran to secure a pension. Papers throughout the State will please copy, as a favor to one who was wounded in the service of his country.

—William P. Furey, Esq., who has been in Bellefonte for several months, intends going to Port Allegheny, McKean county, where he will manage the *Northern Tier Reporter* and a paper located at Eldred, the name of which we have not learned. Mr. Furey is a journalist of decided ability, and will, no doubt, be able to improve both papers.

—Harry Slep has sold his *Evening Mirror* to Messrs. Buckingham and Nicodemus. Hitherto, Mr. Buckingham has filled the position of editor and Mr. Nicodemus that of business manager. With such enterprising young men at the head of the *Mirror*, its readers may look for much improvement.

—William Laurie, son of Rev. Laurie, had the misfortune to injure his left leg at the ankle joint last Wednesday while working in Crider & Son's lumber yard. A part of a pile of lumber tumbled down on him. We are glad to hear that he is getting along nicely, although it will be sometime before he can be around.

—Powers', the largest boot and shoe establishmet in Centre county, has just received nineteen cases of cheaper goods than those advertised by any other firm. These goods will be sold at lower prices than have yet been published.

—M. M. and Dr. J. P. Musser, Esqs., of Aaronburg, found time while in town last Wednesday to call at our "stock exchange." The latch string will always be found on the side "fernenst" the interior, gentlemen.

—The *Reporter* says Samuel Burrell, of Haines, purchased the farm of Daniel Durst, in Gregg, for $9,000; also, that Uriah Osman sold his house and lot, in Centre Hall, to Daniel Fleisher, of the Loop, for $1,400.

—Chromos, large and small, engravings, pannel pictures, photographic statuary, walnut, rustic and velvet frames, of all styles, at the Model book store of John C. Miller & Co.

—Joseph Ramsey, Jr., Superintendent of the Bells' Gap railroad, announces that hereafter he will not employ on that road in any capacity a person of known intemperate habits. If there is one place above another that requires men of sobriety as laborers, it is the railroad.

—We ask attention to card of the *Practical Farmer* of Philadelphia, Pa., in this issue of our paper, and recommend it as one of the oldest and most valuable agricultural and family papers of the country.

—Call and examine the China vases, smoking sets, moustache cups, mugs, boquet holders and the other fancy articles in China and glass, just the things for Christmas presents, at John C. Miller & Co's.

—A good many will remember Hon. Henry W. Palmer's speech at the Court House during the late campaign. It is now rumored that he will be Governor Hoyt's Attorney General.

—Finest assortment of perfuming colognes, hair brushes, combs, etc., in the city at Zellers', Brockerhoff row. Be sure and see those cologne bottles—new styles. 47 4t

—John Powers is selling the Williamsport Boot, manufactured by J. E. Dayton & Co. The goods have a wide reputation for durability, and are warranted.

—W. H. Brainard, editor of the Curwensville *Times*, attended court part of last week. While in town he paid the REPUBLICAN office a visit.

—Prof. A. N. Raub, of the Lock Haven State Normal School, will lecture before the Clearfield county Teachers' Institute.

—Gen. Beaver and Major Keller returned last Monday morning from Pittsburg, where they inspected a portion of the National Guard.

—There will be a meeting of the Executive committee of the Y. M. C. A. next Friday night. Members will please be present.

—Logan Hose House has been cleaned and renovated. The company proposes to put down a new carpet.

—The ministers of Jersey Shore have passed resolutions, requesting the people not to hold funerals on Sunday.

—Our hotels will be crowded to overflowing next Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, on account of the State Grange meeting.

—Mrs. Gallagher, a resident of Thomas street, died last Sunday night. Deceased was the wife of the late Owen Gallagher.

—Dr. James Calder, of State College, very acceptably filled Rev. Yocum's pulpit last Sunday morning.

—Prothonotary elect Harper is waiting with all patience to assume his office.

—Judge Mayer arrived from Lock Haven on Monday morning's early train.

—Company B will attend the Regiment inspection at Tyrone next Tuesday.

—Judge Orvis is holding court for Judge Dean, at Ebensburg.

—Small market yesterday morning.

The New Penitentiary.

Our Huntingdon friends are in a terrible stew about the location of the new penitentiary. A legal point has arisen, and bids fair to remain unsettled for a short time at least. The *News*, speaking of the difficulty, says: "The first was a petition to the court from citizens of Warriorsmark township, asking an injunction upon the payment of any money by the County Commissioners for the purchase of the site, and the other event was the reconsideration of the action by the County Commissioners, who had consented to purchase the site. They have withdrawn their offer to buy the ground and the springs, and the matter is thus left as it originally stood. The question arises, What will the Penitentiary Commission do under the circumstances? They have agreed to locate the institution at Huntingdon, conditioned, we believe, upon the offer of the site, water and stone by our citizens. Our citizens, through the Board of Trade, met the Commission, made two propositions, each of which embraced the purchase of the ground, etc., by the county. These propositions were deemed satisfactory by the Commission, and upon these propositions the Commission, as a body, were to act to-day. The action of the County Commissioners changes the status of affairs, and the question is, Will the Commission demand a rigid compliance with the conditions?"

TRUTH AND SOBERNESS.—What is the best family medicine in the world to regulate the bowels, purify the blood, remove costiveness and biliousness, aid digestion and stimulate the whole system? Truth and soberness compels us to answer, Hop Bitters, being pure, perfect and harmless. See "Truths" in another column. 48-2t

NEW YORK.

High Presure Reform—Francis Murphy's work—Those Marvelous Torpedoes—A Boat Without a Crew—The "Mutual" and its Enemies.

Special Correspondence.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25th, 1878.

Francis Murphy, the well-known temperance agitator, is in the midst of a season here in New York. Like most of the modern popular speakers in the cause of morality or religion, the Moodys, Hammonds, Kimballs, etc., Murphy is a "high-presure" worker. He seems to believe with them that reform, moral or spiritual, is a thing to be accomplished in a moment; that it consists in a word or act of the person to be influenced, and consequently that success in his work consists in writing from his auditor that word or that act by any means or under any circumstances whatever. So he calls to his aid all that is feverish and sensational. He sings and prays, and exhorts and tells blood-curdling anecdotes, till he gets his hearers wrought up to the necessary pitch of excitement and nervous tention, and then bursts upon them with a dramatic appeal to come forward and sign the pledge. More or less response is received, according to the more or less favorable condition of the meetings. A certain number of men, women and children rush indiscriminately up to the platform to affix their signatures, and to be wept and rejoiced over by Mr. Murphy as so many brands plucked from the burning.

As I said before, it seems to make no difference what the circumstances of a case are, for during his labors here quite a number of Mr. Murphy's converts have signed their names while almost too drunk to stand, and altogether too much so to know what they were about. But it is all one to the reformer. These, equally with the rest, become "brothers" and "sisters" the moment the pen drops from their uncertain grasp, and are pointed at, at least by implication, as shining examples for the less impressionable of the audience to imitate.

Temperance reform is a good thing and is sadly needed, and I do Mr. Murphy and his kind the justice of believing them to be earnest men; but what a pity it is that their fervor cannot be kept under the guaidance of common sense! How much better would it not be to have fewer signatures to the pledge, and to obtain them in such a manner that its obligations should more seldom prove a rope of sand, the breaking of which only drives to deeper degredation scores of victims to this factitious and involuntary enthusiasm.

The city is again the principal battle-field of another life insurance war, differing in character but hardly less in importance than that of a year ago. The present discussion arises mainly from a combined attack on the old Mutual by a number of other life insurance institutions on account of the former's reduction of its premium rates. Now the Mutual is not only the largest life insurance company in the world but the richest financial corporation in the world, as well, having over eighty-six millions of assets or twenty million more than the combined capital of all the banks in New York. Of course, therefore, its course affects that of nearly all the other companies. Equally of course, the latter dislike to have to cut down their profits, and hence the bitter attack. An attempt has lately been made, by the authority of some Boston lawyers, to assail the right of the company to make the rebate, and even to represent its new policies as not good, but these efforts have utterly failed; the highest legal authorities in New England, Judge Foster and Chandler, having emphatically declared the plan legal and the policies so issued "iron-clad." The officers of the Mutual have thus far paid but little attention to their maligners. During their twenty-five years' administration Mr. Winston and his associates have built up this impregnable financial structure, and if they cannot now be trusted to wisely administer the affairs of its members, I fear none of their opponents can claim to be competent to correct their errors.

Some weeks ago I made a passing mention in one of my letters of certain torpedo experiments which were in progress in our harbor, for the purpose of providing means of effective offense and defense in case of a foreign war. At the time such a thing as war seemed too absurdly improbable to talk about; but the somewhat acid turn which was subsequently taken by the correspondence between Uncle Sam and John Bull over the Canadian fishery troubbles shows that there is always a possibility, at least, of such a contingency, and invests defensive preparations with a reasonable interest. Two successful exhibitions in the torpedo line have just been given in the harbor, displaying great ingenuity and demonstrating that if the machines involved will work in the hour of need as perfectly as on these occasions, we need have no fear of attack by water even by the terrible ironclads which Europe has recently been perfecting.

One of these deadly inventions is a torpedo boat planned by Captain Ericsson, who built the once famous "Monitor," and called the "Destroyer." This wonderful affair is a thin, sharp, low-lying iron craft, adapted to run during action almost entirely under water, thus defying the heaviest missiles that can be projected against it. The most remarkable feature of it is a deep cigar-shaped recess in the bow (also under water,) which holds a powerful torpedo. At the proper moment this torpedo can be thrown forward by compressed air at almost cannonball speed, and with force enough to send it through the water for several hundred yards if need be. The concussion of the torpedo against the hull of the ironclad to be destroyed would explode the charge, and before this unseen, almost noiseless and wholly unavoidable attack, the mightiest vessel that ever was launched, a monster upon whose armored sides the heaviest cannonballs might fall with no more effect than pattering rain, would go to the bottom as helpless and as surely as though, smitten by all Jove's thunderbolts.

The other device exhibited for the same purpose is a torpedo which propels itself, and travels through the water hither and thither without a soul on board. It is an iron shell, cigar-like in form, and tapering at both ends to a point. In the shell are three chambers. The chamber in the bow is prepared to hold dynamite, which will be exploded either by precussion or an electric spark. The central part of the shell contains tanks of carbonic acid and the engine which propels the torpedo. This engine is driven by the expansive force of carbonic acid gas generated under pressure in the tanks, and drives a screw propeller. In the chamber in the stern of the shell is a reel of insulated wire connected with a battery on shore. By touching different keys of this battery the torpedo is put in motion, turned to the right or left, backed or stopped, as desired. A spark from this battery can also be used to explode the torpedo, if explosion by contact is not found to be the better method. The length of the shell is about twelve feet, and its greatest diameter nearly eighteen inches.

This marvel of ingenuity was manœuvered the other day in presence of a number of English Spanish and American naval officers, and a great crowd of people. The inventor, Hardy, to whom the occasion was the crowning event of twenty years' laborious and disheartening experiment, sat on the wharf, working the keys of the electrical instrument which by means of the wire connection controlled the movements of the torpedo. By means of this novel arrangement, the inventor was enabled to guide his queer craft through its little cruise of a couple of miles, during which it took any direction, and almost any speed which he chose to give it, and finally came back to its starting point amid tumultuous applause. If Edison desires to keep his pre-eminence as a master of electric forces, he must bestir himself after such a miraculous achivement as the one which I have of course but very imperfectly described. RADIX.

THE St. Petersburg correspondent of the Vienna semi-official *Political Correspondence* says Russia has announced her intention of actively supporting the Ameer, in the event of England occupying any points in Afghanistan from which the Russian dominion in Asia might be effectually threatened. This announcement is based upon the assertion that England has violated the alleged Afghanistan agreement of Lord Charendon by the occupation of Quettah. The intention of Russia to interfere in Afghanistan is apparently confirmed by the Moscow *Gazette* declaring intervention indispensable, now that the occupation of Quettah has been succeeded by expeditions in the direction of Candahar and Herat.

"IF YOU EVER MARRY" and have a family of children running about the house, making the time pass pleasantly both to parents and children, and should discover at any time that one of those bright-eyed, rosy-cheeked children are troubled with a Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, or any Affections of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes and Lungs, leading to Consumption, our advice is, go immediately to some druggist and get a bottle of "HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR," an article which, we understand, was used for years in the private practice of DR. HALE, a celebrated physician of Europe, to the entire satisfaction of his patient. The article, we understand, is now manufactured, according to the original recipe, by C. N. CRITTENTON of No. 7 Sixth Avenue, New York, who is now the sole owner and proprietor, he having paid a very large amount of money for the right of same, and from what we hear he is selling very large quantities. In fact, he has had to enlarge his laboratory and increase his help to supply the constantly increasing demand, which is good evidence of how the article is appreciated. Every mother is well aware of the medicinal qualities of HONEY and HOREHOUND in soothing and scattering all irritations and inflammations, and that the TAR BALM cleanses and heals the throat and air passages leading to the lungs. Five additional ingredients in this article keep the organs cool, moist, and in healthful action. Our advice is, let no prejudice keep you from trying this medicine of a famous doctor, who has saved thousands of lives with it in his large private practice. It is sold by all druggists at 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Great saving to buy large size. Sold by all Druggists.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in one minute. 47-4t

—If all the wagon scales that the Fairbanks Scale Company have built were placed in one continuous line, the result would be a plank road from Boston to Philadelphia. This fact carries considerable weight with it.

NEWMAN---The King Clothier,

STILL TAKES THE LEAD!

THE LARGEST, BEST & CHEAPEST STOCK EVER BROUGHT TO THIS COUNTY.

Winter Suits at . . . . . $3 50 | Suits of Underwear . . . 40 cts
Overcoats at . . . . . 2 50 | Hats, Boots, Gloves, &c., at low prices.

Clothing made to order at Lowest Prices by first-class Tailors.

PARIS.

The World's Fair of 1878—Joys and Sorrows of the Exhibition—The Closing Hours of the Great Show.

From our regular Correspondent.

HOTEL DU LOUVRE, Nov. 20, '78.

The International Exhibition of 1878 may be put down as a thing of the past, when in evening the doors closed, not to re-open for the public.

When the gardens were in all their autumn beauty, and it was not unpleasantly cool in the covered galleries, it seemed a pity that the closing day was so near at hand. But since then premature cold and the sure approach of winter have changed the outward aspect of things wonderfully. Trees that have been transplanted do not retain their leaves as long as others, and there is little remaining foliage in the park, and the grass and shrubs alone look brilliant among the bosomless flower beds; while draughts of cold air assail the visitor inside with bitter persistence. Darkness shortens the afternoon, the way in which the fine art galleries are arranged making it quite impossible to see the pictures well after three. Those who proposed that the Exhibition should be kept open all the winter could not have taken advantage of the general permission to take away their goods; but many of the stalls in the American and British sections are being rapidly dismantled. The crown jewels, carried off to the bank on Thursday evening, were replaced the next day by an order from head-quarters. A strong inducement for exhibitors to prolong their stay in the Champ de Mars, is the announcement that in the course of the week the National Lottery Committee will have to expend four millions and a quarter. A portion of this sum—$30,000—has been handed over to managers, to be spent in the foreign sections.

The French Ministers of War and Commerce have agreed that the palace and park erected in the Champ de Mars for the Exhibition are to be preserved. The War Ministers will retain the gallery of manual labor and the two large machinery galleries as general warehouses for the army. This space, fifteen acres in extent, will be called the Field of Manœvures. The Minister of Commerce will retain the Grand Gallery of Honor, with some of its annexes—the Pavilion of the Spanish Ministry of Public Works, and other buildings, and this space will be devoted to the establishment of an industrial museum. At a meeting of the lottery managers, held on Sunday, under the presidency of the Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, it was decided to raise the number of tickets to twelve millions. The lots are to be exhibited in the Palais de l'Industrie, and it has been resolved that every prize gained shall be delivered free of octroi and customs duties. The Lottery Commission has also resolved that the small prizes shall be divided into twelve groups, each of about the same aggregate value, and the large prizes shall form a special category, for which all the tickets shall compete. In the latter case a duodecagonal wheel will be used, each face being numbered 1 to 12, and this wheel will indicate the winning series, while a six-wheeled decagonal apparatus will then show the winning number—each of the six wheels furnishing one digit of it. The six-wheeled apparatus will also be used for the minor prizes, and the winning number will compete for each of the twelve series. The drawings will be public, and, it is calculated, can in this way be got through in eight or ten days.

The Chinese, Hindoos, Burmese, Javans, Moors, Arabs, and other natives of outlandish climes who have been employed about the Exhibition are well pleased with the attention and gratuities they have received. Most of them were lodged in the purlieus of the Ecole Militaire, and the commissioners deposted some inspectors of police to keep a paternal lookout over them to see that they were not robbed or molested when they went out of an evening enjoying themselves in their own ways. These inspectors must have been led into queer haunts, and have witnessed strange customs in their *proteges*; but let that pass. It is enough to know that many of the exotic visitors have evinced such a strong reluctance to return to their own countries that permanent employment has been found for them in Paris. All the Chinese have been snapped up as cafi-waiters, and two or three of the Hindoos and Arabs have been hired by the managers of the Hippodrome. One of the Japanese exhibitors is going to open a tea and coffee house on the boulevards, and the attendants are all to be people of his country. It will certainly have a speedy success if the beverages be good, and if care be taken to hire at least one or two French waiters *au fait* of Parisian customs. There was a rumor that the Hungarian restaurant, which, thanks to its band of Ziganese, acquired such a rapid celebrity, was going to become one of the settled attractions of Paris; but this is not the case. Since the musicians have departed it has been discovered that the wines at this wild-looking place are a trifle too dear in price for Parisian purses, as well as too strong in quality.

Visitors in Paris have been enabled to witness a sight peculiarly French, and indicating a depth of feeling in the national character which would doubtless astonish the stranger who came only to see the Exhibition a few days ago. All the inhabitants of the city seemed to have poured into the cemeteries to visit, according to a custom hundreds of years old, the tombs of departed relations and friends. In some of the great burial grounds, such as Pere la Chaise, Montmartre, and Mont Pomasse, the crowd were so great that circulation was extremely difficult. This is an occasion on which Parisians exhibit a peculiar form of religion, which is as striking as it is incomprehensible to the foreigner. After the pilgrim has laid a bouquet of flowers on the grave of his relations and friends he proceeds to the tomb of an admired politician or poet, according to his literary taste, and there pays a tribute to the deceased by placing on the spot where his remains lie a crown of *immortalles*. It is perhaps the most unpleasant feature of this national celebration, that it is frequently converted into a political demonstration. For example, this year the tombs of M. Raspail and M. Thiers were those which most attracted the visitors to Pere la Chaise, and the inscriptions on some of the crowns were of an offensively party character. Notwithstanding the immense crowds, however, there was nothing of the nature of disorder in the proceedings.

As a whole, the French people must be well satisfied with the result of their World's Fair; they have brought together an infinite variety of the works of all nations, of high artistic merit and marvelous skill of workmanship; they have brought to their city thousands of foreigners of all countries, and have shown in themselves a power of resource and trade revival after disastrous troubles of a most marvelous description; and, as a grand climax to their work, have inaugurated a State lottery of colossal proportions, for which some millions of tickets have been sold.

If the teaching which the vast variety of art products of all nations have brought together be but taken advantage of in a proper manner, for the higher artistic education of the world, the results will have been of infinite importance, let us hope, for political as well as social reform. As a show, it has manifestly been of the highest possible importance. Let us hope that the results of the teaching will be equally satisfactory in the general civilization of the world.

LOUIS.

CONSUMPTION CURED.—An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure for consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using, in German, French or English. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y. 48-4t

—If you want some of the very best soap in the market, at the most reasonable price, buy Crampton's "Palm," at Valentines & Co., Bellefonte, Pa.

New Advertisements.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby warned against purchasing, or in any way meddling with the following property, now in the hands of H. A. Harnden, of Half Moon township, viz.: One bull, 1 cow, 3 heifers, 4 calves, 19 sheep, 2 hogs, 1 sow with pigs, 1 bay mare, 1 wind mill, 1 saddle, 1 plow, 1 two-horse wagon, as the same belongs to me and is subject to my order at any time. ISAAC GRAY.
Patton, Dec. 3, '78. 48-4t*

ESTRAY.—Came to the premises of the subscriber in Liberty township, about November 1, 1878, two large steers, supposed to be between three and four years old. One is all white; the other a pale red, each having a piece off the right ear. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animals away, or they will be disposed of according to law.
JOHN T. METZAKER.
Beech Creek, Dec. 2, 1878. 48-3t

Publications.

Harper's Weekly.

1879.

ILLUSTRATED.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

The *Weekly* remains easily at the head of illustrated papers by its fine literary quality, the beauty of its type and woodcuts.—*Springfield Republican.*

Its pictorial attractions are superb, and embrace every variety of subject and artistic treatment.—*Zion's Herald*, Boston.

The *Weekly* is a potent agency for the dissemination of correct political principles, and a powerful opponent of shams, frauds and false pretenses.—*Evening Express*, Rochester.

The Volumes of the *Weekly* begin with the first Number of January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it is understood that the subscriber wishes to comidence with the Number next after the receipt of his order.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

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The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 each. *A Complete Set*, comprising *Twenty-two Volumes*, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per volume, *freight at expense of purchaser.*

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

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47-3t New York.

SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY,

Conducted by J. G. Holland.

The Handsomest Illustrated Magazine in the World.

The American edition of this periodical is now

MORE THAN 70,000 MONTHLY,

And it has a larger circulation in England than any other American magazine. Every number contains about one hundred and fifty pages, and from fifty to seventy-five original woodcut illustrations.

Announcements for 1878–9.

Among the attractions for the coming year are the following:

"HAWORTHS," a serial novel by Mrs. Francis Hodgson Burnett, author of "That Lass o' Lowrie's." The scene of Mrs. Burnett's new novel is laid in Lancashire; the hero is a young inventor of American birth. "Haworth's" is the longest story Mrs. Burnett has yet written. It will run through twelve numbers of the Monthly, beginning with November, 1878, and will be profusely illustrated.

FALCONBERG, a serial novel, by H. H. Boyesen, author of "Gunnar," "The Man who Lost his Name," &c. In this romance, the author graphically describes the peculiarities of Norse immigrant life in a Western settlement.

A Story of New Orleans, by George W. Cable, to be begun on the conclusion of "Falconberg." This story will exhibit the state of society in Creole, Louisiana, about the years 1803-4-5, the time of the Cession, and a period bearing a remarkable likeness to the present reconstruction period.

Portraits of American Poets. This series (begun in August with the portrait of Bryant) will be continued, that of Longfellow appearing in November. These portraits are drawn from life by Wyatt Eaton and engraved by T. Cole. They will be printed separately on tinted paper, as frontispieces of four different numbers. Illustrated sketches of the lives of the poets will accompany these portraits.

Students in the Sierras.—A series of papers (mostly illustrated) by John Muir, the California naturalist. The most graphic and picturesque and, at the same time, exact and trustworthy studies of "The California Alps" that have yet been made. The series will sketch the California Passes, Lakes, Wind Storms and Forests.

A New View of Brazil. Mr. Herbert H. Smith, of Cornell University, a companion of the late Prof. Hartt, is now in Brazil, with Mr. J. Wells Champney (the artist who accompanied Mr. Edward King in his tour through "The Great South"), preparing for SCRIBNER a series of papers on the present condition—the cities, rivers and resources of the great empire of South America.

The "Johnny Reb" Papers, by an "ex-Confederate" soldier, will be among the raciest contributions to SCRIBNER during the coming year. They are written and illustrated by Mr. Allen C. Redwood, of Baltimore. The first of the series, "Johnny Reb at Play," appears in the November number.

The Leading European Universities. We are now having prepared for SCRIBNER, articles on the leading Universities of Europe. They will be written by an American College Professor, Mr. H. H. Boyesen, of Cornell, (author of "Falconberg," &c.), and will include sketches of the leading men in each of the most important Universities of Great Britain and the Continent.

Among the additional series of papers to appear may be mentioned those on How Shall we Spell, (two papers by Prof. Lounsbury), The New South, Lawn-Planting for Small Places, (by Samuel Parsons, of Flushing), Canada of To-day, American Art and Artists, American Archæology, Modern Inventors; also, Papers of Travel, History, Physical Science, Studies in Literature, Political and Social Science, Stories, Poems; "Topics of the Time," by Dr. J. G. Holland; record of new Inventions and Mechanical Improvements; Papers on Education, Decoration, &c.; Book Reviews; fresh bits of Wit and Humor, &c., &c., &c.

Terms, $4 00 a year in advance; 35 cents a number.

Subscriptions received by the publishers of this paper, and by all booksellers and postmasters. Persons wishing to subscribe direct with the publishers, should write name, postoffice, county, and State, in full, and send with remittance in check, P. O. money order or registered letter, to

SCRIBNER & CO., 743 & 745 BROADWAY,
47-3t NEW YORK.

S. & A. LOEB'S Space.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS!!

We have reduced our prices on the following lines of goods, thereby enabling every one to take advantage of the times, and clothe themselves warmly for the winter, at very little cost:

Ladies' Dress Goods reduced 25 per cent.

Ladies' Coats that sold at 10 dollars, now at 5 dollars.

Boots and Shoes at much less than any other dealer in Centre county.

Men's Overcoats that sold at 10 dollars, for 7 dollars.

Men's Suits prompt sold at 12 dollars, now for 8 dollars.

Our reputation warrants to any one that we mean just what we say.

S. & A. LOEB.
10-38-tf The Oldest, Genial Merchants in Centre County.

Publications.

Harper's Magazine.

1879.

ILLUSTRATED.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

Harper's Magazine is the American Magazine alike in literature and in art.—*Boston Traveler.*

The most popular Monthly in the world.—*N. Y. Observer.*

It is an excellent companion for the young, a delight to the mature, a solace for declining age.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

No other Monthly in the world can show so brilliant a list of contributors; nor does any furnish its readers with so great a variety and so superior a quality of literature.—*Watchman*, Boston.

The Volumes of the *Magazine* begin with the Number of June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current number.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

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Any TWO, one year	7 00
SIX subscriptions, one year	20 00

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Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address, HARPER & BROTHERS,
47-3t New York.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE OF SECOND MEETING OF CREDITORS IN BANKRUPTCY.
In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

In the matter of WILLIAM ARMAGAST, BANKRUPT. } No. 2543 In Bankruptcy.

By virtue of an order issued out of said court there will be a second general meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt held at Bellefonte, in said district, on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1878, at five o'clock, P. M., at the office of F. E. Smith, (in the Bush House) one of the registers in bankruptcy in said district, for the purpose named in the 27 Sec. of the Bankrupt Act of March 2d, 1867. JNO. G. LOVE,
46-3t Assignee.

FARM FOR SALE.—We offer for sale a farm in Marion township, containing three hundred and eighty-eight acres, about fifty acres cleared a good house and barn, wash house and other necessary buildings on the place, also good water and a large assortment of fine fruit trees. This is a good opportunity for anyone wanting a good home. Terms to suit purchaser. Price $3,500. Apply to
EDWARD T. TUTEN,
10 9-tf REPUBLICAN office.
Bellefonte, Feb. 23, 1878.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of Robert C. Herman, deceased, late of State College, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them for settlement.
48-6t Mrs. MARY A. HERMAN, Administrator.

Publications.

Harper's Bazar.

1879.

ILLUSTRATED.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

To dress according to *Harper's Bazar* will be the aim and ambition of the women of America.—*Boston Transcript.*

As a faithful chronicle of fashion, and a newspaper of domestic and social character, it ranks without a rival.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

This paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords, and has become an established authority with the ladies.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

The Volumes of the *Bazar* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of his order.

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The only authentic and copyrighted cheap edition. By the brilliant descriptive author, Hon. J. T. Headley. Gives a full history of his wonderful discoveries in Africa and marvelous journey down the Congo. It is fascinating as romance. Profusely illustrated, and highly endorsed by the clergy and press. Agents are selling 10 to 25 per day. Nearly 10,000 sold. More **AGENTS WANTED.** For particulars and terms address HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa. 48-4w

New Advertisements.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT. In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

In the matter of BENJAMIN LIGGETT, BANKRUPT. } No. 4079 In Bankruptcy. Western District of Pennsylvania ss.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Benjamin Liggett, of Eagleville, Liberty township, Centre county, and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
WILBUR F. REEDER,
vol 10-48-3t Assignee.

WANTED A GOOD AGENT to canvass Bellefonte and adjoining towns for the best selling household articles in the world. Tip top profits, write at once to N. Y. Manufacturing Co., 2 Clinton Place, New York. 48-4t

New Adertisements.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN FOR EVERY STATE and Territory in the Union; a fair salary paid. Call or address La Belle Manufacturing Co., 93 Clark St., Chicago. 48-4w

U. S. PIANO CO., 163 BLEECKER ST., N. Y.
Manufacturers of strictly first-class Pianos. We sell direct to Families from OUR OWN Factory at lowest wholesale prices. Beautiful new 7¼ Octave, Rosewood Pianos sent on trial. Thousands in use. Heavy discount to cash buyers. DON'T buy until you read our catalogue. It will interest you—Mailed free. 48-4w

LAME BACK. WEAK BACK.
BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER

This article is one which really possesses extraordinary merit. By consulting reliable physicians in your own locality, you will find that the above is true. It is far superior to the ordinary porous plaster, all the so-called electrical appliances, and to all external remedies whatever. It contains entirely new elements which cause it to relieve pain at once, strengthen and cure where other plasters will not even relieve. For Lameness and Weakness of the back, diseased Kidneys, Lung and Chest difficulties, Rheumatism, Neglected Colds, Female Affections, and all local aches and pains, it is simply the best remedy ever devised. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 Cents. 46-4t

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco!

Awarded *highest prize* at Centennial Exposition for *fine chewing qualities* and *excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring.* The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that *Jackson's Best* is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free to C. A. JACKSON & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

G. F. WARDLE, General Agent, Philadelphia
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Johnson's Anodyne Liniment will positively prevent this terrible disease, and will positively cure nine cases in ten. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. Sold everywhere, I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Maine. 48-4w

A GREAT OFFER FOR HOLIDAYS!!!

We will during the HOLIDAYS dispose of 100 PIANOS & ORGANS, at extraordinrry low prices for cash. Splendid Organs 2 3-5 sets of reeds $65, 3 sets with Sub Bass and Coupler $80, 2 sets $90, 1 set $40, 1 set $55. 7 Octave all Rosewood Pianos $130, 7 1-3 do $140, warranted for six years. Agents Wanted. Illustrated Catalogues Mailed. Music at half Price. HORACE WATERS & SONS, Manfrs. & Dealers, 40 E. 14th street, New York. 48-4w

SURE REMEDY FOR BALDNESS Prescription Free to any person who will agree to pay $1, when a new growth of Hair, Whiskers or Mustache is actually produced. Sanderson & Co., 2 Clinton Place, New York. 48-4w

AGENTS, READ THIS.

We will pay Agents a Salary of $100 per month and expenses, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. We mean what we say. Address, without delay, SHERMAN & CO., Marshall, Mich. 46-4t

25 FANCY CARDS with name, 10c., Plain or Gold, 150 styles. Agt's outfit 10cts. Hull & Co., Hudson, N. Y. 48-4w

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Farm and Fireside.

Arrangements for the Meeting of the Pennsylvania State Grange.

We devote considerable space to the circular of Mr. Thomas, Secretary of the State Grange, giving particulars concerning the ensuing annual meeting, to be held in Bellefonte, commencing December 10, 1878. We call the attention of this meeting to our citizens, and trust that the courtesy and hospitality, characteristic of our people, will be extended to the visiting Grangers. The meeting will be of general interest. The circular has been mailed to the address of the master of each Grange in Pennsylvania:

OFFICE OF SECRETARY
PENNSYLVANIA STATE GRANGE,
November 5, 1878.

Patrons:—The Pennsylvania State Grange will assemble in annual session, in the Court House, in Bellefonte, Centre county, on Tuesday, December 10, and it is earnestly hoped and confidently expected that every live Grange in the State will be represented at that meeting, as business of vital importance to the order will be considered.

WHO ARE MEMBERS OF THE STATE GRANGE?

ARTICLE II., Sec. 2, of the State constitution says: The members of the State Grange shall be composed of masters of subordinate Granges and their wives, who are matrons; but when, from sickness or other sufficient cause, the master cannot attend, the Grange may elect a substitute, who shall be a past master. Past masters and their wives, who are matrons, shall be honorary members and eligible to hold office, but not entitled to a vote.

All fourth degree members, in good standing in the order, will be admitted to the sessions of the State Grange, and are most cordially invited to be present. Every Patron in Pennsylvania, who is anxious for the future prosperity of the order, and can spare the time and expense, should attend this meeting.

DELINQUENT GRANGES.

Granges that are delinquent in their dues and reports to the State Grange for two or more more quarters, will not be entitled to representation.

NOTIFICATION.

That I may be able to arrange for the comfort of every one attending this meeting, I should be notified as early as possible of the probable number coming from each Grange, the route by which they will travel and stations at which they will take trains.

PLACE OF MEETING—AND DISTANCES.

Bellefonte is on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, 33 miles from Tyrone (on the Pennsylvania railroad), and 24 miles from Lock Haven (on the Philadelphia and Erie railroad). The distances to Bellefonte, via. Pennsylvania railroad, from given points, are as follows: Philadelphia, 261 miles; Harrisburg, 151 miles; Pittsburgh, 164 miles. Via. Philadelphia and Erie: From Frie, 247 miles; Corry, 210 miles; Emporium, 98 miles; Driftwood, 79 miles; Williamsport, 49 miles; Sunbury, 89 miles. Via. Northern Central and Philadelphia and Erie: From Elmira, N. Y., 125 miles; Troy, 102 miles; Harrisburg, 142 miles; York, 170; Baltimore, 227 miles.

REDUCED RATES ON RAILROADS.

To enable Patrons to attend the meeting as economically as possible, I have negotiated with railroad companies for a reduction in rates of fare. The Pennsylvania, Philadelphia & Erie, and Northern Central companies, have consented to sell excursion tickets on their main lines and branches, on orders from this office, good to go from the 7th to the 10th, and to return until the 16th, at two-thirds the regular rates of fare (two cents per mile each way). The orders for these tickets must be furnished from this office. The Lehigh Valley railroad will sell excursion tickets from Wilkesbarre, L. & B. Junction, and all principal stations north of Elmira and return, good to go from the 7th to the 10th, and to return until the 17th.

Orders will not be necessary to procure tickets on the Lehigh Valley railroad, but will be required at Elmira to purchase excursion tickets at that point for Bellefonte and return. The Philadelphia & Reading railroad will sell excursion tickets from Philadelphia, Bridgeport, Phœnixville, Pottstown, Reading, Allentown, Emaus, Topton, Fleetwood, Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven, Landingville, Auburn, Port Clinton, Shoemakersville, Tamaqua, Summit Mahanoy, Catawissa, Rupert, Danville, Pottsgrove, Milton and Muncy, to Williamsport, and return, good to go from the 7th to the 10th, and return until the 16th. No orders required on this road, but at Williamsport orders will be necessary to procure tickets to Bellefonte and return.

The Allegheny Valley railroad will sell excursion tickets from all points on its road, either to Pittsburgh or via. Low Grade to Driftwood, as may be most convenient to delegates, on orders from this office. At Pittsburgh and Driftwood other orders must be used to procure tickets to Bellefonte and return.

The above are the only railroads that would agree to accommodate us. I have endeavored in this circular to give plain directions on routes of travel. If I have failed in any point, show this circular to the ticket agent at your nearest railroad station, that he may explain any difficulty you may encounter. Patrons have little idea of the time, labor and thought required to figure out the various routes, and complete the arrangements with the companies, they should therefore overlook any slight errors that I have made in completing these arrangements.

RATES OF BOARDING.

By arrangement of the committee of the Centre Co. Pomona Grange, the hotels at that place have agreed to board our members during the sessions of the State Grange at $1 00 per day.

Upon arriving at Bellefonte, Patrons will proceed at once to the Court House, where they will be met by the committee and conducted to their hotels.

Let every Patron who designs being at the State meeting notify me, by mail, immediately (enclosing a three-cent stamp to pay return post age), so that all may be furnished with the information and orders for excursion tickets in due time. Do not fail to give post-office address and county. Mention particularly the route you desire to take to Bellefonte.

Members of the order in other States desiring to attend the meeting will be provided with orders for excursion tickets by writing me.

Every Patron should bring his or her song book and regalia along. Masters of Granges will wear regalia and their official jewels.

R. H. THOMAS,
Secretary.

Timely Hints.

If there is a likelihood of your barn blowing down during the coming winter, or of its falling to pieces of its own accord, it would be well to prop it up! Of course, all the cracks should be stopped up—but it might be well to bear in mind that a nail hole or so might be left as ventilators, so that the animals will not be in danger of smothering to death! We would like much to vary our hints from week to week and from month to month, so as never to repeat the same suggestions. If we have ever before advised "stopping up the cracks," we trust the importance of the advice will prove a sufficient excuse. The origin of cracks has never, that we know of, been sufficiently investigated. Are they of fungoid origin? Are cracks in cracks in the barn related to Pear cracks? What a field for scientists! Whatever the origin of cracks, no doubt the intelligent farmers of the country are under a load of obligations to agricultural editors who never fail to warn them of the best time to stop up those in their barns. Without this timely advice, we must suppose the barns of our county would be all cracks. If we could only ascertain the cause of cracks and wipe the cause out of existence, there would then be no occasion for stopping them up. That is plain. We have a mind to call the attention of Congress to this subject in the hopes that an adequate sum of money may be appropriated for its thorough investigation.

General Grant.

How He has been Affected by His European Trip.

We lately received a very interesting account of the appearance and bearing of King Alfonso from a friend who had just returned from Spain, whither she accompanied General and Mrs. Grant. She witnessed the grand review of Victoria held by the King in honor of his distinguished guest, and as she is an ardent Grant woman, had her heart stirred with patriotic pride at seeing the American hero riding gallantly, through in plain citizen's dress, on one of the King's finest horses, among the King's men—dons, hidalgoes, grandees, and all—at the King's right hand. As the ex-President speaks Spanish, they got along nicely together. I met General and Mrs. Grant here, on the eve of their departure for Spain, at a dinner given in their honor by our hospitable countryman, Mr. Crane, and his charming wife. Mrs. Grant whom we Washingtonians always regard as our pleasant neighbor and kind friend, was looking very well and happy, and bearing herself with the same quiet, unassuming dignity which marked her walk and conversation when I saw her first, before her husband had won the highest honors, before he had brought the Republic out of the wilderness. I was glad, also, to see the General looking remarkably well, quite rested and rejuvenated, though not so stout and ruddy as formerly. He seems to have rolled ten years off his shoulders with the toils and troubles of office. He, too, is unchanged in manner. There is not the shadow of a shade of added consequence or consciousness in his look, tone, or bearing—nothing to show that the tremendous test to which he has been subjected in his more than royal progress over Europe and the East, in the honors bestowed by Princess and people, and the frank homage heroes like himself, has found one weak spot in his character of massive simplicity and solid manliness. He has a little more freedom and gayety in his discourse, and he discourses more, that is all. On the countries he has seen, the customs and characters of the different nations, of the eminent men he had met, he talked admirably, though very quietly, while his own country and its institutions he spoke with a patriotic pride and a sturdy faith which did my too-oft faithless and failing heart good. That he could so talk was no surprise to me. I had long known that when the time and the subject suited him, and the listener had his confidence, General Grant could talk—that when the real occasion offered he would never lack words, good, honest, unequivocal words, though he has never been prodigal of them, or of his opinions. Whether his mind is of vast capacity and of mysterious, unsounded depths or not, it certainly does not overflow with a slight freshet. If not a profound well of thought and knowledge and self-renewed wisdom, it is at least a solid reservoir of experience and observation strong enough to hold what it takes in.

One wouldn't suppose that a gutta-percha nose would ever gutta-purchaser, but the Detroit *Free Press*, has heard that "a gutta-percha nose was furnished a hospital patient in London, and he became so vain and conceited that they had to steal it from him.', This shows how weak human nature really is.—*St. Louis Post.* A man who wears that sort of thing will soon become a street bummer and a gutta-percha.

Mrs. Monorama Mozoomdar, wife of Baboo Grish Chunder Mozoomdar, Minister of the Barisal Brahmoo Somai, is the first female preacher in India. We are bound to print the news, if it twists and ruins all the types in our office.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The Domestic Monthly.

The December number of this popular magazine appears in an enlarged form, and cannot fail to prove a rare treat to all its readers. Its fashion department is unusually full, and supplies all the information concerning dress that any lady could desire to know at this season. The number opens with the usual review, giving a full account of everything new in the fashioned world, which is followed by full and precise descriptions of the numerous stylish costumes and garments for both ladies and children, represented on the plate and by engravings. The remaining pages, devoted to fashion, are divided up into articles on Winter Wraps, Seasonable fabrics, Trimmings, Millinery, *Lingerie*, Fancy and Needle Work, etc., nearly all of which are illustrated by numerous fine engravings. The plate is, as usual, a very artistic piece of work, and represents several very stylish costumes.

The literary department is so excellent that we cannot well give it sufficient praise. It supplies an abundance of Christmas literature, and of a far better quality than can be found in any other magazine. First there is a very well written poetical Christmas greeting to the readers of this magazine, which is followed by two very enjoyable Christmas stories, entitled "Our Christmas Turkey" and "Man Proposes." In addition there appears a continuance of Mary Cecil Hay's charming serial, "Her Three Lovers," a very clever sketch called "My Wife's Holiday;" a very instructive "Art Paper," the third in the series, by Mrs. Merighe; an abundance of choice Poetry, together with the always enjoyable Miscellany, chatty and vivacious Small Talk, instructive Household Department, excellent critiques of New Books, humorous and thoughtful Mosaics, ect.

The number is so excellent in every respect that we can only add, that those of our readers who fail to procure a copy will miss some of the very best literature of the month.

THE DOMESTIC MONTHLY is published by Blake & Company, 849 Broadway, New York, at $1.50 per year, inclusive of pattern premium. Specimen copies, 15 cents.

LITTELL'S LIVING AGE FOR 1879.—The extra offer to new subscribers for 1879, and the reduced clubbing rates, are worthy of note in the prospectus of this standard periodical published in another column. The remarkable success of *The Living Age* is well attested by the fact that on the 1st of January next it begins its *one hundred and fortieth volume.* It affords the only satisfactorily complete compendium of a current literature which is now richer than ever before in the work of the ablest writers upon all topics of interest. It merits careful attention in making a selection of reading matter for the new year. The more numerous the periodicals, indeed, the more valuable becomes a work like this which, in convenient from and at small expense, gives the best of all. Its importance to American readers can hardly be over-estimated, as no other single periodical enables one, as does this, to keep well informed in the best thought and literature of the time, and fairly abreast with the work of the most eminent living writers.

CHILDREN'S SHOES!

Wear twice as long with either the

SILVER

"Or A. S. T. Co.,

BLACK TIP

UPON THEM.

45-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Joseph McMeen, deceased, late of Bellefonte; all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them for settlement.

H. R. CURTIN,
Administrator.

Roland, Centre Co., Pa. 10 46-6t

New Advertisements.

VEGETINE

WILL CURE RHEUMATISM.

MR. ALBERT CROOKER, the well-known druggist and apothecary, of Springvale, Me., always advises every one troubled with Rheumatism to try VEGETINE.

Read His Statement:

SPRINGVALE, ME., Oct. 12, 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir—Fifteen years ago last fall I was taken sick with rheumatism, was unable to move until the next April. From that time until three years ago this fall I suffered everything with rheumatism. Sometimes there would be weeks at a time that I could not step one step; these attacks were quite often. I suffered everything that a man could. Over three years ago last spring I commenced taking VEGETINE and followed it up until I had taken seven bottles; have had no rheumatism since that time. I always advise every one that is troubled with rheumatism to try VEGETINE, and not suffer for years as I have done. This statement is gratuitous as far as Mr. Stevens is concerned. Yours, etc.

ALBERT CROOKER,
Firm of A. Crooker & Co., Druggists & Apothecaries.

VECETINE

HAS ENTIRELY CURED ME.

BOSTON, Oct., 1870,

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir—My daughter, after having a severe attack of Whooping Cough, was left in a feeble state of health. Being advised by a friend she tried the VEGETINE, and after using a few bottles was fully restored to health.

I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism. I have taken several bottles of the VEGETINE for this complaint, and am happy to say it has entirely cured me. I have recommended the VEGETINE to others with the same good results. It is a great cleanser and purifier of the blood; it is pleasant to take and I can cheerfully recommend it.

JAMES MORSE, 364 Athens St.

Rheumatism is a Disease of the Blood.

The blood in this disease is found to contain an excess of fibrin. VEGETINE acts by converting the blood from its diseased condition to a healthy circulation. VEGETINE regulates the bowels which is very important in this complaint. One bottle of Vegetine will give relief; but, to effect a permanent cure, it must be taken regularly, and may take several bottles, especially in cases of long standing. VEGETINE is sold by all druggists. Try it, and your verdict will be the same as that of thousands before you, who say, "I never found so much relief as from the use of VEGETINE," which is composed exclusively of Barks, Roots and Herbs.

"VEGETINE," says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures, after all other remedies had failed, I visited the labratory and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

VEGETINE

NOTHING EQUAL TO IT.

SOUTH SALEM, MASS., Nov. 14, 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS.

Dear Sir,—I have been troubled with Scrofula, Canker and Liver Complaint for three years. Nothing ever did me any good until I commenced using the VEGETINE. I am now getting along first-rate, and still using the VEGETINE. I consider there is nothing equal to it for such complaints. Can heartily recommend it to everybody. Yours truly,

MRS. LIZZIE M. PACKARD,
No. 16 Lagrange St., South Salem, Mass.

VEGETINE

Prepared by

H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

48-4t

Guns & Revolvers.

GUNS! GUNS!

The public are respectfully informed that I have just received a very choice stock of

SINGLE AND DOUBLE

BREECH LOADING

SHOT GUNS

AND

REVOLVERS,

which I cordially invite sportingmen to inspect before purchasing elsewhere.

Breech-loading double guns	$24 to $50
Breech-loading single guns	12 to 15
Breech-loading double guns, rifle and shot, convertible into double shot guns, just the guns for this locality	$60 to $65
Muzzle-loading double shot guns, fine twist, patent breech, with powder flask and shot pouch—a bargain	$14 00
Single muzzle-loading rifles	$11 to $20
Double guns, rifle and shot	$24 to $30
Single shot guns	$3 to $9
Dittmarr's new powder per can	$1
Shot per pound	10 cts
Dupont's powder per pound	40cts to $1

Cartridges and all kinds of sporting goods at lowest market prices at

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HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

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Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitors of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C. 17-4f

Auctioneer's Card.

PHILIP TEATS, who has had large experience as an Auctioneer, offers his services to the people of Centre county.

He speaks German and English,

and possesses the invaluable gift in an auctioneer of a loud, clear voice, and can be distinctly heard a long distance. Those having work of this kind to do will do well to give him a call. Charges moderate. Call on or address him at Bellefonte, Pa. 13-1year

Strawbridge & Clothier, Dry Goods.

A VISIT TO THE CITY

is well repaid by an inspection of the New Dry Goods House of

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

Filled as it is from roof to basement with one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Dry Goods ever placed on sale anywhere in America.

THE SILK DEPARTMENT,
THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,
THE BLACK GOODS DEPARTMENT,

And every other department throughout the house are filled with the best productions of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LOOMS, all of which are being sold AT THE LOWEST PRICES possible on this side of the Atlantic.

The Ladies' Coat Department,

Shows the largest stock of

LADIES' AND MISSES' COATS

Ever placed on sale in Philadelphia. We are now able to supply

A POPULAR WANT,

A VERY GOOD COAT FOR A VERY LOW PRICE.

Attention is now drawn to

OUR EIGHT DOLLAR COAT,

AS A MARVEL OF CHEAPNESS. THIS WITH

OUR TEN DOLLAR COAT,

and our

TWELVE DOLLAR COAT,

Are the greatest bargains in

LADIES WINTER GARMENTS,

That have ever been offered.

They are all of OUR OWN CAREFUL MANUFACTURE, of All-Wool goods, and the quality of material and the workmanship are guaranteed to be the best.

All our finer garments, up to the very finest products of Paris Artists are equally cheap by comparison with prices prevailing.

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Is filled with the finest and best selected stock of

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MATELASSES AND DIAGONALS,
In all grades of reliable makes
FROM THE DOMESTIC GOODS,
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TO THE FINEST FOREIGN
MAKES IN SILK AND WOOL.

BLACK BEAVER,
in unequaled assortment, from $2.50 per yard
UP TO THE FINEST FRENCH GOODS.
20 DIFFERENT QUALITIES.
BLUE AND GREEN PLAIDS,
For Coats, Wraps and Overdresses, at $1, $1.12½, $1.25, $.50, $1.62½.

SCOTCH CLOTHS FOR LADIES ULSTERS
54 inches wide and all wool, from
$1.25 to $2.00.

Our stock of
CASSIMERES,
Includes all that is desirable for Men's and Boy's wear.

CASSIMERE'S FOR BOY'S WEAR,
at 50, 65 and 75 cents.

CASSIMERES FOR MEN'S WEAR,
at 75, 87½, $1, $1.25.

It is now universally conceded that

OUR SYSTEM OF FILLING MAIL ORDERS

Is not equalled in this country, so we are daily informed by pleased correspondents. Should you be in need of any kind of Dry Goods and find it inconvenient to visit the city, write us, mentioning the kinds desired and full lines of samples to select from will be forwarded by return mail.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

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INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

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GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

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Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.

Office in the Conard House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq. v2n14

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me. 10 21 1y

Advertising Agencq.

TO ADVERTISERS.

George P. Rowell & Co.'s

SELECT LIST

—OF—

LOCAL NEWSPAPERS.

Many persons suppose this list to be composed of Cheap, low-priced newspapers. The fact is quite otherwise. The Catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in FULL FACE TYPE it is in every instance the BEST paper in the place. When printed in CAPITALS it is the ONLY paper in the place. When printed in roman letters it is neither the best nor the only paper, but is usually a very good one, notwithstanding. The list gives the population of every town, and the circulation of every paper. It is not a CO-OPERATIVE LIST. It is not a CHEAP LIST. At the foot of the catalogue for each State the important towns which are not covered by the list are enumerated. It is an HONEST LIST. The rates charged for advertising are barely one-fifth the publisher's schedule. The price for one inch four weeks in the entire list is $635. The regular rates of the papers for the same space and time are $3,136 35. The list includes 970 newspapers, of which 163 are issued daily and 807 weekly. They are located in 825 different cities and towns, of which 22 are State Capitals, 328 places of over 5,000 population, and 444 County Seats. Lists sent on application. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., (Printing House Square,) New York. 10 33 1y

The ANTIDOTE TO ALCOHOL FOUND at LAST.

THE FATHER MATHEW REMEDY

Is a certain and speedy cure for intemperance. It destroys all appetite for alcoholic liquors and builds up the nervous system. After a debauch, or any intemperate indulgence, a single teaspoonful will remove all mental and physical depression. It also cures every kind of Fever, Dyspepsia and Torpidity of the Liver. Sold by all druggists. Price $1 per bottle. Pamphlet on "Alcohol, its Effects, and Intemperance as a disease," sent free on writing to the **Father Mathew Temperance & Manf'g Co.**, 36 Bond St. New York. 44-4w

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I WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD BY ANY PARTY THAT SELLS THE SAME QUALITY OF GOODS.

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Bishop Street Bakery,

is now making the very best BREAD, CAKES AND PIES in Bellefonte.

Candies and Confections.

He also manufactures all kinds of candies, and dealers can purchase of him as low as in the city. Candies of all kinds always on hand, together with Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Dates Nuts, Syrups, Jellies and everything good.

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An excellent oyster saloon also attached to the Bakery. Call and see me

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Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or SPERMATORRHŒA, induced by Self-Abuse Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture clearly proves from his experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instrments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain, and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

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Is the greatest **Blood Remedy** of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, and all **Blood** diseases yield to its wonderful powers. **Pure Blood** is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of **Scrofula**."—*J. E. Brooks, Painesville, O.* "It cured my child of Erysipelas."—*Mrs. E. Smeltzer, Lariners, Pa.* Price $1. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Prop'r, Pittsburgh, Pa. *Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers.*

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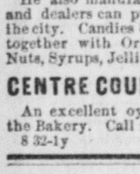

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The Great English Remedy, an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self Abuse: as loss of Memory, Universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and consumption and a premature grave.

☞Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

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As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

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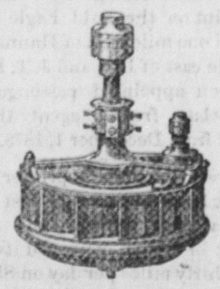

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Bellefonte, April 16, 1877

Lumber.

LUMBER.

MILL AT SNOW SHOE, PA. } YARD AT BELLEFONTE, PA.

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MANUFACTURERS.

In connection with their Mills in Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., where they are prepared to fill orders promptly for any kind of BUILDING MATERIAL, White and Yellow Pine, Oak and Hemlock Plank, Boards, and Building Lumber; Flooring, Ceiling, Siding and Weather-boards, Surfaced Boards and Stripping; Posts, Rails, Palings and Scroll Sawing; Sheathing and Shingles; Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, Shutters and Mouldings.

A Retail LUMBER YARD near Duncan Hale & Co.'s Mill, Bellefonte, Pa., CELLAR GRATES, WINDOW WEIGHTS AND BRICK; LIME, HAIR, GLASS, NAILS, &c., &c.

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☞A reasonable amount of farm produce taken in exchange

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Publishes both the religious and secular news that is desired in any family, while all that is likely to do harm is shut out. It devotes four pages to religious news, and four to secular.

The NEW YORK OBSERVER was first published in 1823; and it is believed to be the only instance of a Religious Newspaper continuing its even course for fifty-six years, without a change of name, doctrine, intent, purpose, or pledge from the date of its birth.

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will contain all the important news that can interest or instruct; so that any one who reads it will be thoroughly posted.

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GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

DURING

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WE WILL SELL A

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Reduced Price $85,00.

Deposit the purchase money with your bank or responsible business man AND SEND FOR THE ORGAN.

Pay freight and examine it ten days. If it satisfies you the deposit is ours; if you are not entirely satisfied, return the Organ to the railroad station and get your freight, go the bank or business man and get your money. You have not lost a penny and have run no risk.

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We are the bona fide manufacturers, having large factories in WASHINGTON, N. J., driven by steam.

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FOR CASH WITH THE ORDER WE WILL DISCOUNT TEN DOLLARS FROM THE ABOVE PRICE.

Address,

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902 CHESTNUT ST. 902

PHILADELPHIA,

Jewelry, Silverware, Watches, Fancy Goods

HOLIDAY ASSORTMENT NOW READY.

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

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F. C. RICHARDS

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St. At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired on short notice. 7-8-tf

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THE above organization can be engaged to play for churches, Sunday schools, social entertainments, temperance organizations, festivals, &c., at very reasonable rates, by applying by letter or in person to the leader.

E. A SMITH, Leader.

No 7, Humes' Block 7-tf

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IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS!

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BUSH HOUSE!

BELLEFORTE, PA.,

has been thoroughly renovated and repaired, and under the management of the new proprietor, MR. GEORGE HOPPES, formerly of Pittsburgh, is first-class in all its appointments.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

Are offered to those in attendance at COURT, and others remaining in town for a few days at a time.

The Largest and most Superbly Designed Hotel in Central Pennsylvania.

ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. GO TRY THE BUSH HOUSE.

GEORGE HOPPES, Proprietor.

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

STOVES, RANGES,

—AND—

HARDWARE,

CHEAPER THAN EVER:

WILSON & McFARLANE

ARE SELLING ALL KINDS OF

Double & Single Parlor Heaters,

COOK STOVES AND RANGES,

LOWER THAN THEY WERE EVER SOLD BEFORE. ALL KINDS OF

HARDWARE, PAINTS,

Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c.,

ARE SOLD VERY LOW. They are the only party in this County selling the celebrated

ARMSTRONG'S McKELVY'S PURE WHITE LEAD.

GUARANTEED STRICTLY PURE AND BETTER THAN ANY LEAD IN THE MARKET.

It will pay one double to buy at the new Hardware Store, Humes' Block Allegheny-street, Bellefonte, Pa.

9 14-tf. WILSON & McFARLANE.

Fairbanks' Scales.

Fairbanks' Scales

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PARIS, 1878.

CLASS 54. Gold Medal. This was the Highest Award given, and was for our general exhibit.

CLASS 76. Gold Medal. The Highest Award, and and the Only Gold Medal to any scale manufacturer.

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We challenged the whole world to meet us in competition at Paris, and have won what no other concern can claim.

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Importers and Exporters, 88 William St., N. Y.

10-24-6m

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DOAK & LONBERGER,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsominers will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business, addressed to them by mail or left at the REPUBLICAN office. 9 28-1y

PROPOSALS for building a bridge (abutments and superstructure) across the Bald Eagle creek, at Unionville, will be received at the Commissioners' Office until 12 o'clock M. of the 19th inst. Specifications can be seen at their office, in Bellefonte, Pa. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. A. MINGLE,
AN'W. GREGG,
J. N. HALL,
Comm'rs.

HENRY BECK,
Clerk.

Organs & Sewing Machines.

WAR! WAR! WAR!

NEW 13 STOP PARLOR ORGANS, PRICE, $340; FOR ONLY $110 CASH.—

NEW 9 STOP ORGANS FOR

$70. PRICE, $270.

NEW SEWING MACHINES

COMPLETE FOR $25.00.

Come and see for yourselves, at

BUNNELL & AIKENS'

Music Store,

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE.

27-tf

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M. S. GRAHAM,

FASHIONABLE BARBER,

In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

WM. MILLS,

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Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High street, Bellefonte, Pa. 5 29 1y

RAILROAD HOUSE,

Corner Front and Pine Street.

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ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.

The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. 9 25 1y

Bellefonte Republicaon.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

PUBLISHED EVERY
WEDNESDAY MORNING
AT BELLEFONTE, PA.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of one writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—Last Sunday was Advent.

—Register Burchfield occupies his new wigwam.

—Ed. Powers spent part of Thanksgiving day in Lock Haven.

—Major Foster, the civil servicer, was in town last week.

—The *Watchman* devil dined at home last Thursday.

—Toys of every description at John C. Miller & Co's.

—Dr. Pierce, of Philipsburg, called at the REPUBLICAN sanctum last week.

—Gent's furnishing goods cheaper than the cheapest at Newman's.

—Mrs. Maria Krom, mother of Col. Krom, died in Acord, Ulster county, N. Y., on the 28th ult.

—The best soap in the market is Crampton's "Palm." Valentines & Co., Humes' Block, keep it.

—The Osceola *Reveille* claims to be the originator of a "boy's composition." Honestly, now?

—The number of pupils at the Lock Haven Normal School is steadily increasing. Good news.

—Good overcoats given away for a trifle at Newman's Eagle Clothing Hall.

—Hays C. Schroyer, of the REPUBLICAN office, spent last Thursday in Lock Haven and Renovo.

—We advise our friends to try Crampton's "Palm" soap. For sale at Valentines' store, Humes' Block.

—A brass band at Pleasant Gap and one at Lemont are the latest musical enterprises in this county.

—Grave robbers cannot rob Newman of his cheap clothing and low prices.

—J. B. Gordon, of the Loop, according to the *Reporter*, intends going to Illinois to reside.

—There was a good rafting flood in the river at Lock Haven, last week, but few rafts came down.

—A beautiful line of Japanese goods and fancy box paper just opened today at John C. Miller & Co's.

—Last Saturday was a good day for Col. Seely, of the Jersey Shore *Herald*. He killed his hogs.

—Mr. Hoppes, of the Bush House, killed a porker last week that tipped the scales at 337 pounds, dressed.

—The *Herald* has a writer of "unwritten history." His writiugs are too interesting for anything—even for reading.

—Hon. James Milliken returned on Monday evening from a few weeks' sojourn in New York and Philadelphia.

—Mr. W. A. Kinsloe, son of the editor, takes Mr. Morelock's place as "local" of the Lock Haven *Republican*. Shake, William!

—Mr. Jackson, the fashionable cutter at Newman's merchant tailoring store, is familiar with all the late Parisian styles.

—Father McGovern, of Danville, formerly paster of the Catholic church in this place, spent Thanksgiving amongst his old friends.

—The annual pun on the dying porker is on the rounds. It hasn't reached us yet, but struck the *Watchman* last week.

—Foot-warmers, to keep your feet warm these cold winter nights that are coming, at Zellers' drug store, Brockerhoff row. 47-4t

—Chairman Thomas passed through the Greenback graveyard last week, and whistled to keep up courage by spouting somewhat in the *Herald*.

—Thanksgiving services were held in the Presbyterian church. A large congregation listened to a fine sermon from Rev. Laurie. It has been spoken of as one of his best efforts.

—Rev. John Hewitt preached a sermon last Sunday night that would bear a repetition to a large audience. It was upon the tongue, its power for good and evil.

—Some fellow attempted to go through Judge Frank's house, at Rebersburg, a short time since. The Judge *Frank*-ly got out of bed, and the robbers skedaddled.

—The genial host of the Bush House, Mr. Hoppes, and his excellent cook, Mr. Vitilani, had a dinner on Thanksgiving day that knocked the spots off of anything heretofore mentioned.

The Y. M. C. A. Book Reception.

During the early part of last week many of our people received a neatly printed and very polite invitation to attend a book reception, to be held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. These appeals were sent out in behalf of the establishment of a free reading room in connection with the Association, so that he who is too poor to buy books may read and learn. It affords us much pleasure and satisfaction to record the creditable fact that the reception was a success, and that upon convenient shelves, ready for use, are about five hundred books, the gift of Bellefonte's liberal people. The books consist of productions from the immortal Shakespeare down to works of adventure, all adapted to the most useful intellect.

As early as seven o'clock young and old people found their way to the rooms, some bearing one book and others a half dozen or more. They were received by Mitchell Longwell and assistants, who took charge of the books and deposited them on a table in 'Squire Gephart's office, which had been kindly loaned for the purpose. The reception committee, Messrs. Wilbur F. Reeder, J. Irwin Hagerman and Ellis L. Orvis received the guests and seated them in the main room, where a short musical entertainment was given. One of Chickering's elegant upright pianos was used.

At about 8 o'clock Mrs. John G. Love and Miss Green entertained the audience with a finely-executed piano duette.

Messrs. Evan Blanchard and John Lyon, Misses Clara and Mary Lyon, and Miss Nellie Orbison rendered a pleasing quartette.

They were followed by Miss Snowden in a highly entertaining piano solo, in the lady's best style.

A German song by Miss Ohnmacht, with Mrs. Love as pianist, was given with ease and grace.

"A Fouin Auld Irish Gentleman," by Mr. Evan Blanchard, was greatly appreciated by his hearers.

Lucia di Lamermour, by Miss Snowden, was rendered in exquisite taste.

The well-known and popular song, "Kathleen Mavourneep," was sang by Miss Ohnmacht.

A duett by Evan and John Blanchard—"What are the wild waves saying?"—pleased the audience.

Miss Clara Lyon's vocal solo was pronounced "elegant."

The popular "Nancy Lee," by John Lyon, was very creditably given.

Last, but not least, came the familiar and beautiful "Ninety and Nine," by Evan Blanchard.

The committee who had the reception in charge desire to return their hearty thanks to all book contributors. The result is a source of encouragement to all concerned, and the Association's best endeavors will be put forward for the accomplishment of the most good.

—B. F. Hering, Esq., president of the School Board of Lock Haven, has brought suit against Prof. A. N. Raub, also a member of the same body, and principal of the State Normal School. Mr. Raub is the author of a series of school books, some of which have been introduced into the city schools, and being a member of the Board, Mr. Hering believes he has acted in violation of the LXVth section of the school laws, which reads as follows:

"That it shall not be lawful for the county superintendents, directors or controllers, or any other persons officially connected with the common school system, to become agents for the sale, or in any way to promote the sale of any school books, maps, charts, school apparatus or stationery, or to receive compensation for such sale, or promotion of sale, in any manner whatsoever; and any violation of the provisions of this section shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and punishable with a fine or imprisonment."

—Powers has always been opposed to publishing prices, as only cheap goods are advertised. He deviates from his rule this week, however, and gives to the public the following astounding figures: Men's so-called fine calf boots, $2.00; men's so-called kip boots, $1.85; women's so-called kip shoes, 85 cents; men's wool-lined so-called gum boots, $2.25. These goods are as good as any advertised in Bellefonte or any other place.

—Gen. James A. Beaver and Adjutant General Keller, of Bellefonte, inspected the 14th, 18th and 10th regiments, N. G., at Pittsburg last Saturday, assisted by Commander-in-chief Hartranft and Adjutant Latta. The troops are reported to be in good trim.

—Mr. Earnest Baker, of the Singer Sewing Machine Agency, had a misfortune a few days since in the running off of his horse by which the wagon was demolished and himself slightly shaken up.

—John C. Miller & Co. have the finest stock of children's toy books ever brought to Bellefonte. Call and examine.

A Handsome Testimonial of Friendship.

ALTOONA, PA., NOV. 27, 1878.

To the Members of the Logan Hose Co., No. 1, Bellefonte:

GENTLEMEN,—The members of the Vigilant Steam Fire Engine Co., No. 2, of Altoona, appreciating the kindness shown them by the members of the Logan Hose Co., No. 1, of Bellefonte, during their visit to your beautiful borough on the Fourth of July last, take very great pleasure in presenting to your Company this frame, containing the photographs of sixty-one of our members.

Hoping the friendly feeling now existing between our companies may be lasting, we remain,

Yours respectfully,
W. HARRY BENNETT,
WM. H. JOHNSON,
B. F. ROSE,
WM. A. DAVIS,
Committee.

Accompanying the above letter came a large and beautiful walnut frame that contains the photographs of sixty-one handsome-looking men, centred with a cabinet-sized picture of the President of the Vigilent Co., B. F. Rose, Esq. The present arrived on Thanksgiving day, and it is needless to say (but we'll say it anyhow) that the Logan boys felt as proud over the gift as a youngster does over his first pair of boots. It was placed on exhibition at the Model book store, and hundreds of people admired it during the day. We are informed that one of these days the Logan Company will return the compliment by forwarding to the Vigilant Company a memento equally as handsome and valuable. These little methods of expressing the good will that exists between different organizations are duly appreciated—not only by the organizations themselves, but by the whole community. The Logan boys look back with commendable pride to the proceedings of July 4, 1878, and especially to the part taken by the Vigilant of Altoona, while the people at large honor and respect the firemen who visited us on that occasion. We trust the result of these practical demonstrations of brotherly feeling may be lasting, and that the "Vigies" will always recall with pleasure July 4, 1878.

Matrimonial.

A correspondent, L. N. M., of Broadview, Salina Co., Kansas, sends us an account of the marriage of Mr. Wm. Reed, formerly of Pine Grove Mills, this county, to Miss Lois J. Shirar, of Salina Co., Ka., in which he says: "Mr. Reed came to the far West last May, and has succeeded in gaining the love of one of Kansas' fair daughters. We hope he will wield his hammer (he is a stone mason) with renewed energy, knowing that it will require two strokes now to equal one of the past. The groom bore himself in such a manner while the ceremony was being performed as to clearly indicate that he was not a stranger to the process of 'tying the knot.' May success attend him in all his efforts. In consequence of this occurrence, Mr. Reed is now off the market, and to Pennsylvania gals he must say good bye."

—Your Royal Highness, Princess Louise and Marchioness of Lorne, we regret exceedingly that we were unable to be present at your little jamboree last Thursday. The melodious gobble of a turkey that once lived in our native town suddenly summoned us home. The putting away of that turkey, together with other matters, prevented our participating in Your Royal Highness' banquet. Many thanks for the kind invitation. Write again, soon as convenient.

—The editor of the *Herald* says the only time he ever "seen" the editor of the REPUBLICAN when he wasn't lazy was during the dinner hour. Now, see here, Bailey, the most profitable thing you can do is to interview some school boy and get him to define the word *seen* for you, then see if you can't talk sense. It's a small word of but four letters, but we've noticed that it floors you every time.

—Charles R. Cromley, formerly the gentlemanly and obliging clerk at the Bush House, spent last Sunday in town. Mr. Cromley is now handling the pen for Henry Leister, Esq., proprietor of the well-known house that bears his name in Huntingdon. Our young friend reports as being well pleased with his new home.

—The Clearfield *Republican* compliments our District Judges in this manner: "Both of our Judges, Mayer and Orvis, occupied the Judicial Bench a part of last week. Two finer looking Law Judges cannot be found in any other judicial district in the State."

—General Jack Schuyler, of the Fallon House, Lock Haven, has purchased two imported hogs. "Sthop, mine friendt," or the Fallon guests will be compelled to buy some of that anti-corporosity remedy.

—The peculiarity about the A. S. T. Co. black tip is that children's fine shoes, to which they are applied, not only wear twice as long, but they realy add to the beauty and finish of the finest shoe. 46-4t

—Newman's tailors are turning out many new and handsome suits of clothing. Good fits guaranteed.

Court Proceedings.

Business in last week's court was pushed through with commendable zeal by Judge Orvis, after getting under headway. With the exception of the Rothrock case, which is now on trial, every criminal action was cleared off the list. Below will be found a record of all cases tried:

John Zettle, pointing firearms; not guilty; costs divided between prosecutor and defendant.

Howard Spangler, assault and battery with intent to kill; guilty of assault and battery; sentenced to pay a fine of $20, cost of prosecution and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for two months and fifteen days.

Michael Cooney, assault and battery with intent to kill; guilty of aggravated assault; in default of $2,000 bail was sent to jail until next court, when he will be sentenced.

John S. Gray, trespass; not guilty; defendant to pay one-third and the prosecutor, D. H. Chandler, the balance of costs.

Samuel Hunter, assault and battery; not guilty; costs divided between the prosecutor, Lewis Harris, and defendant.

J. Henry Keller, assault and battery; not guilty; costs divided between Mary McClanahan, prosecutrix, and the defendant.

J. T. Fowler, assault and battery; plead guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs of prosecution.

James Carter, assault and battery; plead guilty; fined $10, costs, and to be imprisoned three months in county jail.

Wash Brady, adultery; not guilty; Adam Walker, prosecutor, to pay the costs.

John Thompson, receiving stolen goods; not guilty.

Theodore Shilling, assault and battery; *nolle pros.* entered with leave of the Court.

Alfred Thompson, fornication and bastardy; plead guilty to the charge of fornication; fined $20 and costs.

George Gingerich, fornication and bastardy; not guilty.

Edwin Richie, larceny; plead guilty; sentence suspended.

Blair Hartsock, receiving stolen goods; plead guilty; sentence suspended.

In the case of S. C. Callahan, charged by Dr. Pierce, of Philipsburg, with false pretence, the Court quashed the indictment for reasons appearing on the face of the same.

The only civil case tried was that of James M. Packer vs. A. M. Tipton, an appeal from a Justice's decision for labor. The jury rendered a verdict of $10.20 for plaintiff.

It will be seen that in almost all the cases tried, the costs were disposed of in such a manner as will result in permanent good. When both parties to a suit are compelled to bear the expense, the county is relieved from a hitherto unjust burden, and the mania for dragging petty causes into court receive a check.

REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY.

The Grand Jury, after finishing its work, submitted the following report, which is decidedly short and sweet. In many counties this body usually attaches to its report a series of stereotyped recommendation of thanks:

To the Honorable Judges of the Court of Quarter Session, held at Bellefonte, Nov. Term, 1878.

In accordance with your instructions, we, the Grand Jurors, have examined the public buildings and report as follows: 1st, The Jail—We find this building very much out of repair, and recommend that all necessary repairs be done under the directions of the Commissioners. Would call your attention particularly to the spouting and drainage, and roof of privy.

2d. Prothonotary's Office—We find the vaults very imperfect, and would recommend that they be remodeled under the direction of some competent person.

I. S. FRAIN, Foreman.

THIS WEEK'S COURT.

On Saturday Judge Orvis empanneled and instructed the following jurymen to sit upon the case of Dr. Thos. Rothrock, charged with abortion: Christian Dale, H. C. Weaver, E. R. Jones, H. L. Murray, George Cornman, Philip Gephart, Austin Dale, Samuel Yearick, Mert Cunningham, Thos. Adams, Amos Garbrick and William Reed.

On Monday, at 9 o'clock, Judge Mayer opened court, and after a little sparring around between the counsel for the defendant and the commonwealth, the case opened. District Attorney Fortney, Jack L. Spangler, and D. H. Hastings, Esqs., represent the Commonwealth, and Messrs. Adam Hoy and John G. Love, Esqs., are for the defendant. At this writing, the trial is still progressing.

—From Philipsburg comes a rumor that Mr. Casanova is endeavoring to form a new county out of parts of Centre, Clearfield and Blair. Wouldn't that be "phunny?" How would the people of the new county like to have Casanova as their representative in the Legislature?

—John C. Miller & Co. have just received a large stock of window shades and fixtures.

—Gen. Cummings returned to his old tramping ground last Wednesday

O. S. Houtz, Esq.

Last Saturday's Philadelphia *Times* contained a long article on the first page upon the misfortunes of Oscar S. Houtz, Esq., an insurance agent of Lock Haven. There is no doubt of Mr. Houtz's business being in not very good shape, but we do doubt whether any thing of a criminal nature exists in the case, as the *Times* alleges. The reporter has evidently allowed himself to be honswaggled by the General Agent of some Insurance Company (a questionable character in many instances) who thus sought to vent his personal spleen upon Mr. Houtz, and in this infamous manner endeavored to ruin his character.

Mr. Houtz has, for years, conducted a large Insurance business. It has been the custom of agents at Lock Haven to "carry" policies for a certain length of time, taking paper for the same. For instance, when payments on a policy are due, if the holder cannot make them, the agent takes his note for the amount and carries it along. The agent must account to the company, and in this way it requires some capital to carry on business. Competition requires agents to do this kind of work, and when the capital is exhausted money is necessary, or business stops.

Mr. Houtz was chairman of the Republican County Committee of Clinton, and told a "general agent" in September that matters would be straightened up after the campaign, but his word is treated with derision and contempt. The *Times* article alleges that money belonging to insurance companies was spent in the late campaign, especially in the defeat of Curtin, but other Republican managers than Mr. Houtz declare the statement a base lie, and that all necessary funds came from the State Committee.

The *Times* man also had Mr. Houtz fleeing from justice, but he returned to Lock Haven last Saturday, after an absence of ten days, unaccompanied by one of those detectives mentioned in the article. It is probably true that a warrant is out and that he may be arrested, but he has not left the country or avoided arrest. On the other hand, he returned home, and seems willing to make all things clear. A prominent citizen from Lock Haven, a man of high authority, says the article published in the *Times* has done Mr. Houtz no harm at home. It has called to his support the aid and sympathy of men of all classes. He says the *Times* course in striking Mr. Houtz a blow in an unfortunate hour has excited considerable indignation.

We have no personal interest in making this explanation, and only give it as the other side of the story, or so much as is now known. If Mr. Houtz is guilty of a high crime, the law will bring him to account. Let judgment be suspended until all things are made clear.

—Last evening's Lock Haven *Journal* says that a careful investigation proves the *Times'* article a gross and malicious exaggeration. A General Agent of one of the foremost fire insurance companies that Mr. Houtz represents says his entire indebtedness does not exceed $900, and that of this amount $600 are out in unpaid premiums.

—The Altoona *Tribune* says the flag station known as Fowler, three miles east of Bald Eagle, has been changed to Dix, and the name of "Fowler" transferred to an agency established at a point on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad one mile west of Hannah and one mile east of Dix, and J. T. Fowler has been appointed passenger and second-class freight agent thereat. To date from December 1, 1878.

—Thos. Kelchner, a printer "tourist," put in an appearance last week. He is a great traveler, and thinks nothing of being conveyed twenty-five or thirty miles per day on Shank's mare. Mr. K., before leaving town, interviewed the silent walls of our lock-up.

—Hon. J. W. Quiggle, brother-in-law of Judge Mayer, died at McElhattan, Clinton county, on Thanksgiving day. He served in the State Senate from Clinton, and was counsel to Antwerp, Belgium, under President Buchanan.

—A large assortment of elegant and fine pen knives, suitable for presents, at greatly reduced prices at Zellers', Brockerhoff row. Intending to quit keeping them, they will be sold cheap. 47-4t

—We have received two boxes of Crampton's "Palm" soap, and find it to be equal to any other soap in the market, while it is cheaper in price. Go to Valentines & Co. for it.

—Bob Frazer's pantomime will be here sometime soon, and John Thompson would like to play in Bellefonte.

—Go to Harris' hardware store for weather strips to keep out the wind, cold and rain.

—It was our pleasure to witness the Thanksgiving entertainment of the senior class of the Lock Haven State Normal School. The programme consisted of vocal and instrumental music, a farce entitled "Boston Dip," tableaux, and a pantomime. Several members of the class are actors of real merit, but we are free to say that all played well. The proceeds of the entertainment will be applied to the fund for purchasing an Encyclopedia.

—The old established house of Messrs. Horace Waters & Sons, New York, is meeting the public more than "half way" in their holiday offer for pianos and organs. It seems incredible that such instruments can be sold at the prices named in their advertisement, which appears in another column.

—Our Almanicky friend gives us this information: Three eclipses will occur in 1879—two of the sun and one of the moon; but as all are invisible here, there will be no demand for smoked glass until 1880.

—Mr. and Mrs. Sanderson, parents of Mrs. George L. Potter, spent part of last week in this place.

—The finest confectionery, wholesale and retail, at John C. Miller & Co's.

READING NOTICES.

Dr. Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap. Makes the skin Soft, Clear, Pure, White and Healthy! Is cleansing, deoderising, disinfecting, soothing, healing and purifying; removes dandruff, chafing, ulcers, sores, eruptions, roughness and redness of the skin; relieves itching, burning and stinging of the skin, and irritation of biting and stinging insects; will relieve Itching Piles where nothing else will have any effect; is free from all offensive odor, and prevents Contagious Diseases, and as an external medical and toilet preparation it has no equal. Price, 25 cts.; by mail, 35 cts. Box, 3 cakes, 60 cts.; by mail, 75 cts. Sold by druggists. E. S. WEBSTER, proprietor. Office, 50 N. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Wholesale Depot, N. Third St., Phila., Pa. 9 28eow-1y

GREAT MERIT.—All the fairs give the first premiums and special awards of great merit to Hop Bitters, as the purest and best family medicine, and we most heartily approve of the awards for we know they deserve it. They are now on exhibition at the State Fairs, and we advise all to test them. See another column. 48-2t

Examine our Cash Prices of Boots and Shoes.—We are rolling out the goods lively, because we charge less for them than was ever known. We keep up the quality and keep down the prices. We are bound to sell off this tremendous stock, and trust in the low prices to do the business. We will offer you

Men's fine calf boots at	$2 50
Men's kip boots at	2 00
Women's kip shoes at	1 00
Children's school shoes at	75
Men's wool-lined gum boots at	2 50
Boys' wool-lined gum boots at	1 90
Men's wool-lined buckle overshoes	1 40
Men's wool-lined Alaska overshoes	90
Men's plain gum overshoes	60
Lumbermen's gums, solid heel	1 25
Women's wool-lined Alaska overshoes	75
Women's plain gum overshoes	35
Misses' plain gum overshoes	30
Children's plain gum overshoes	25

The above rubber goods are all first-class and are warranted, and will be sold for *cash only*.

E. GRAHAM & SON,
10-47-3m Bellefonte, Pa.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, DEC. 4, 1878.

A visit among our mercantile advertsiers denotes that business is unusually good, and we can come to no other conclusion than that business has revived, and we are now on a safe road to prosperity.

GRAIN.—We have no changes to note in the price of grain; the market being steady with light deliveries.

SEED.—Cloverseed is among the uncertainties this year. Prices are low and buyers take a wide range, varying as much as fifty to sixty cents per bushel in their purchasing prices When we come to consider that the bulk of cloverseed is used for dying cotton fabrics, which are sold at less than anti-war prices, it is not surprising that every item that enters into their manufacture should be at the lowest prices. Much of the seed that was purchased early in the fall is still in the hands of the buyers, the market price east being less than cost here. It takes dealers of large experience and excellent business sagacity to trade successfully in cloverseed, and they miss it sometimes.

PORK.—Pork is in fair supply at four and a half cents per pound.

BEEF.—Beef is scarce. The scarcity of, and high price of new cob corn has caused farmers to sell in preference to feeding to low priced beef, except for home consumption. Good beef is a scarce article; but consumers insist on low figures, to correspond with other items of family eatables.

QUOTATIONS.

Whitewheat per bushel	$ 90
Red wheat	90
Rye per bushel	50
Corn, cob	50
Corn, shelled	50
Oats new	25
Cloverseed	$3 25@3 75
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 00@5 20
Flour, wholesale	4 50@4 75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	6 50
Short straw per ton	5 50@6 50

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 9 00
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	
Beans per quart	9
Fresh butter per pound	20
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	16
Country hams per pound	10
Hams, sugar cured	12½
Bacon	10
Lard per pound	6
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes per bushel	70
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	30
Dried sweet corn per pound	
Small onions per quart	